Libyan airplane hijacked

ROME, Dec. 7 (R) — A Libyan airways plane bound for Tripoli was hijacked over Italian airspace tonight and ordered to fly to Beirut, Rome airport officials reported.

The officials said the pilot told them a man armed with a pistol had entered the flight deck and demanded that the plane fly to the Lebanese capital.

The Libyan Arab Airlines plane was en route from Paris to Tripoli via Zurich, the officials reported.

They said it was making for Beirut, had already flown over Greece and was due to arrive in Lebanese airspace shortly. Air traffic controllers at Rome's Ciampino airport said the pilot indicated his plane was being hijacked by pressing an automatic emergency signal picked up in the control tower.



Puerto Ricans hijack 3 airliners

BARRANQUILLA, Colombia, Dec. 7 (A.P.) — Puerto Rican nationalists hijacked three Venezuelan airliners in Caracas today and flew them to this Colombian Atlantic coast city, the airport

control tower said. A spokesman said two of the planes landed at 1200GMT with some 230 passengers. The third liner arrived at 1250GMT. Two of the planes belong to Aeropostal airline and the third is

The spokesman said the hijackers claim to belong to the nationalist group Ramon E. Betances of Puerto Rico.

Volume 6, Number 1830

AMMAN, TUESDAY DECEMBER 8, 1981 — SAFAR 11, 1402

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

an Avensa planc.

Arab teenager killed

Agreement signed

AMMAN, Dec. 7 (Petra) — Jordan and Oman signed this evening the final minutes of the educational talks which began here two days ago. The signing ceremony took place during a meeting headed by Education Minister Dr. Sa'id Al Tal and Omani Education Minister Yahya Mahfouz Al Munthiri According to the agreement, the Jordanian Education Ministry will secure Oman's needs of male and female teachers and administrators for the scholastic year 1982-83 in light of Jordan's available resources.

Juan Carlos arrives in Bahrain

BAHRAIN, Dec. 7 (R) -King Juan Carlos and Queen Sofia of Spain arrived today from the United Arab Emirates on the second and final leg of a Gulf tour, part of his country's bid to strengthen its economic and political role in the region. The king was expected to discuss how Spain could help work for peace in the Middle East peace during his 24-hour visit to Bahrain.

Kreisky continues Gulf tour

BAHRAIN, Dec. 7 (R) — Austrian Chancellor Bruno Kreisky discussed bilateral relations and the situation in the Middle East and the Gulf with Bahraini leaders today. Dr. Kreisky told the emir, Sheikh Issa Ibn Salman Al Khalifah and Acting Prime Minister Sheikh Hamad Iba Issa Al Khalifah that he supported the Arab position in the Middle East conflict, the Bahrain-based Gulf news agency said. The two sides agreed to promote economic. industrial and cultural ties, the agency said. The Chancellor, who arrived here from Kuwait day, was due to leave to the United Arab Emirates later

Mubarak to invite Gandhi

CAIRO, Dec. 7 (R) - Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak is to invite Indian Prime Minister Indira Gandhi : visit Egypt, the weekly Mayo newspaper published by the ruling National Democratic Party reported today. No official confirmation was immediately available. Mayo said Egypt's Minister of State for Foreign Affairs, Dr. Boutros Ghali, would deliver the invitation when he visited New Delhi this week for preparatory talks for the next annual conference of the Non-aligned Movement.

Balsemao re-elected

OPORTO, Portugal, Dec. 7 (A.P.) — Portugal's Social Democratic Party re-elected Prime Minister Francisco Pinto Balsemao as it's president at a weekend meeting here, and reaffirmed long-standing positions critical of the Communist Party and centre-left President Antonio Ramalho Eanes.

Kuwait assails pact

KUWAIT, Dec. 7 (R) -Kuwait joined other Arab countries today in condemning the new strategic cooperation agreement between the United States and Israel, saying it would intensify tension in the Middle East. A government spokesman said the Kuwaiti cabinet, which discussed the accord and its possible implications, believed the move would undermine peace prospects in the region.

Indians in China

PEKING, Dec. 7 (A.P.) — A seven-member Indian delegation arrived today to open talks with China on a border dispute that sparked a bloody war 19 years ago.

Two injured

BONN, Dec. 7 (A.P.) -Attackers threw a bomb through the window of a U.S. army office near Kassel today, injuring two soldiers, the army announced.

King receives **Abal Khail**

visit to Jordan.

They reviewed relations between the two countries and the prospects of economic cooperation between them. The meeting was attended by the Chief of the Hashemite Royal Court Ahmad Al Lawzi, Finance Minister Salem Masa'deh and the Saudi

Before Mr. Abal Khail's arrival. a Saudi embassy official said the minister and Jordanian Finance Minister Salem Masa deh will sign 'agreements on a number of Saudi loans to Jordanian pro-

Mr. Abal Khail will also hold talks with senior Jordanian offi-: cials, including Prime Minister Mudar Badran and National Planning Council President Hanna Ödeh. He will also visit Yarmouk University, the Royal Scientific Society (RSS) and the Jordan Valley.

In a statement to Petra, the Jordan News Agency, Mr. Abal Khail said he had been looking forward to this visit to get acquainted on the spot with economic activities in Jordan, and to discuss with Jordanian officials means to strengthen economic relations between the two countries.

The Saudi minister praised the economic development in Jordan in recent years, and expressed his admiration for the good planning and implementation of economic

development projects.

back at Qadhafi

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7 (R) -President Ronald Reagan said today he had evidence of a Libyan-backed plot to assassinate him and dismissed the denials voiced by Libyan leader Muammar

Oadhafi in an interview televised United States yesterday.

knows it," Mr. Reagan declared. The president said he had made no decision on possible retaliation against Libya, such as cutting off oil imports or taking political measures against Col. Qadhafi.

United States recently.

AMMAN, Dec. 7 (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein received at Al Hummar palace this evening Saudi Arabian Finance and National Economy Minister Mohammad Abal Khail, who arrived here today for a three-day

ambassador in Amman.

jects."

Mr. Abai Khail said that during his visit, he will sign two loan agreements contributing to the financing of several Jordanian

Reagan hits

"I would not believe a word he says if I were you," the president told reporters who questioned him about the denials made by Col. by satellite from Tripoli to the

"We have the evidence, and he

Mr. Reagan discussed the reported assassination threats against him and other U.S. officials as the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) maintained a search for Libyan-trained assassins believed to have entered the

Col. Qadhafi said during the televised interview: "We are sure we haven't sent any people to kill Reagan or any other people in the

WASHINGTON — A private study group, including a former senior U.S. State Department

official, has made public a report

proposing new approaches to a Middle East settlement that calls

on the Reagan administration to

hold exploratory discussions with

the Palestine Liberation Organ-

isation to determine if it is ready

"to negotiate peace" with Israel.

Springs Centre of Mount Kisco,

N.Y., on the basis of a trip to the

Middle East last summer by a spe-

cial study group, said that "hopes

for a negotiated peace between

Israel and its eastern neighbours

beginning to resign themselves to

prolonged confrontation and vio-

lence because they see to alter-

native that promises a just com-

The members of the study

group were Joseph N. Greene Jr.,

president of Seven Springs

Centre, who was head of the U.S.

diplomatic mission in Cairo in

1972-73; Philip M. Klutznick, a

prehensive peace," it said.

"Many Arabs and Israelis are

are fading."

The report, issued by the Seven

King, Queen visit home for aged tions immediately to transfer the home from

AMMAN, Dec. 7 (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein and Her Majesty Queen Noor accompanied by Prime Minister Mudar Badran visited this afternoon the Home for the Care of the Aged in Al Karameh. At their arrival there, they were received by Minister of Social Development In'am Al Mufti and Balqa Governor Mohammad Al Khatib. King Hussein and Queen Noor inspected the var-

ious sections of the home and the conditions of the

residents there. The King also headed a meeting

ittended by the officials and workers at the home

and permanent home for them; and gave his instruc-

used the need to build a modern, suitable

building for them, to secure all the health and social workers qualified to tend to them and to secure the necessary services to them until the new permanent building is constructed.

The King also gave his instructions to separate the aged from those with emotional disorders, and to secure the sufficient number of specialised doctors to care for them. He also thanked all the citizens who had made contributions to raise the standard of services at the home in Karameh.

Karameh to the Amman area, to rent a suitable

Cabinet, NCC debate national issues

AMMAN, Dec. 7 (Petra) — Prime Minister Mudar Badran today declared that the government will submit the draft of the government's budget for 1982 to the National Consultative Council (NCC) at an early time in order to enable the NCC to study, discuss and approve the budget within the

constitutional period allowed. The prime minister said that for this purpose, the government will distribute copies of the draft of the budget to NCC members next Monday.

Mr. Badran was addressing today's session of the NCC, presided over by Acting NCC President Kamal Al Dajani, Cabinet ministers attended the

The NCC approved in today's session the draft law appended to the General Budget Law No. 1 for the fiscal year 1980. The NCC also heard the government's answers to the proposals submitted by the NCC, and referred other proposals to the government and to the specialised committees of the council. The NCC also referred to the financial committee a draft law on the ratification of a development loan agreement between the Iraqi and Jordanian governments for 1981.

The NCC heard the government's answer to the proposal on the Irbid city police centre. The government said in its answer that various studies were made by specialists several times, and that it has become confirmed that the cracks in some buildings were due to soil factors, and that necessary measures have been taken to remedy the situation.

On the question of creating a housing fund for civil servants, the government answer was that the Housing Corporation and the Housing Bank are the two specialised agencies which could undertake the establishment of a housing fund for the government employees, and that the Housing Corporation is the most suitable organisation to provide these employees with finished houses at the

As for opening two centres in Irbid and Karak to

treat kidney patients and to support the Friends of the Kidney Patients Society, the government's answer was that there are currently two specialised centres to treat kidney patients with artificial kidneys in the Hussein Medical Centre and the University of Jordan Hospital equipped with the necessary apparatus and specialists, and that these two centres are treating kidney patients throughout the

Commenting on this subject, Prime Minister Badran said that according to his information, there are 52 kidney patients under treatment at the two centres. He said the problem is not one of opening new centres, but of providing the qualified manpower for this purpose.

On intensifying control of traffic in the main streets of Amman, the government's answer was that the concerned authorities are making intensive efforts to apply traffic regulations in the Amman

The NCC referred to the government the question of opening a mental asylum in Irbid or allocating a psychiatric ward in the Princess Basma Hospital in Irbid for this purpose, the question of granting public lands to clubs by municipal and rural councils and the question of installing more telephones in the Amman area.

The council then heard the resolutions adopted by the Financial and Administrative Committee of the NCC and approved the draft law appended to the General Budget Law No. 1 for fiscal year 1980. An elaborate discussion took place on the committee's remarks related to the law. Commenting on the NCC members' remarks, Mr. Badran said that the increase in expenditures came from emergency expenditures, including the expenditures of the 11th Arab summit conference, increasing the salaries of civil servants and the

increase of the oil prices in that year. The NCC will hold its next session next Monday.

Former PLO leader assassinated

Two unknown gunmen shot and killed a former leader of a Palestinian organisation at his Beirut office and escaped in a car behind a hail of machinegun fire today, a Beirut police spokesman reported.

The spokesman, who declined to be named in compliance with Lebanese government regulations, identified the victim as Abdul Wahab Kayali, 43, a former member of the pan-Arab Command of Iraq's Socialist Baath Party.

Mr. Kayali also was a tormer

BEIRUT, Dec. 7 (Agencies) - head of the Arab Liberation Front, one of the eight major guerrilla groups in the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). Mr. Kayali retired from politics

in 1979 and started a research publication and printing house with offices in the residential neighbourhood of Sakiet Al Janzir in West Beirut where he was killed at mid-morning today.

The Beirut coroner, Dr. Ahmed Harati, who examined the body, said in a statement from the American University Hospital that Kayali suffered seven gunshot wounds that tore up both lungs

and his heart, causing instantaneous death.

Police said the identity of the assassins could not be established. The spokesman refused to say

whether the department believed Kayali's shooting was part of the latest wave of bombings and assassinations involving pro-Iraqi and pro-Iranian militias in Lebanon in the last two months.

Dr. Kayali had formerly also served as head of the Educational and Cultural Affairs Department of the PLO's Executive Com-

Papandreou attends NATO meeting

ATHENS, Dec. 7 (A.P.) - Premier Andreas Papandreou, who also holds the post of defence minister, left Athens today to attend a NATO defence ministers' meeting in Brussels.

The premier, whose anti-NATO electoral campaign thetoric has been somewhat moderated in post-election statements, faces a difficult first meeting with alliance partners. Mr. Papandreou is scheduled

shortly after his arrival in the Bel-

Study group urges U.S.-PLO talks

prominent Jewish leader who was

secretary of commerce in the Car-

ter administration; Harold H.

Saunders, assistant secretary of

state for Near Eastern and South

Asian affairs in the Carter

administration and long regarded

as the top Middle East expert in

government; and Merle Thorpe

for Middle East Peace, a Washing-

ton organisation dedicated to

bringing Arabs and Jews together

figure in the group, explained at a news conference last weak that he

had felt previously that it was not

necessary for the United States to

refuse all contacts with the PLO.

promised Israel that it would not

recognise or negotiate with the

PLO until that group recognised

Israel's existence and relevant

U.N. Security Council resolutions.

pledge later was interpreted to

foreclose even exchanges of views

with the PLO until the conditions

Mr. Saunders said that the

In 1975, the United States

Mr. Saunders, the best known

in search of a settlement.

president of the Foundation

gian capital to meet privately with U.S. Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger, who recently visited Turkey. The premier is expected to seek clarification from the U.S. official statements made in Ankara. He will also meet with U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig on Wednesday.

In his government's policy statement, Mr. Papandreou called for the reconsideration of Greece's membership in the military wing of the Atlantic alliance.

The report said the United

States "would be violating no

formal agreement if it explored

the PLO's readiness to negotiate

"The objective is to negotiate

peace among the parties to the

conflict, and the PLO will have an

important influence on that pro-

The report said that Palestinian

nationalism and the Palestinian

desire for a separate state in the

region "must be fairly faced and

dealt with in negotiation in ways

consistent with the rights and sec-

urity of their neighbours or the

prospect for peace will be radically

The report said there was

"wide-spread conviction in the

Middle East that only the United

States can effectively help to

achieve peace, but there is deep

doubt that the United States is

prepared to play a role as a just

mediator and to work actively for

a negotiated peace."

peace."

cess," it said.

diminished."

He also called for the gradual withdrawal of American military bases in this country, which at pre-sent operate under the terms of a NATO agreement.

The premier has repeatedly stressed his belief that the major threat to his country is neighbouring NATO-member nation Turkey. He has said that unless the alliance is willing to provide guarantees of the security of Greek frontiers to the east, that is with Turkey, membership is of little use to Greece.

However, reports from Ankara following Mr. Weinberger's visit said that the United States will support Turkey in updating its military equipment, and would not favour the granting of the guarantees requested by Greece. The reports also said that Washington did not favour pegging military aid to Greece and Turkey to a fixed ratio, which until now was set at seven to ten respectively, in order to maintain a balance of power in the Aegean.

There was no Greek government comment on the reports of Mr. Weinberger's talks in Tur-

The issue of the continued operation of the U.S. military bases on Greek soil, which the government has closely linked with NATO membership, will come to the negotiating table early

Mr. Papandreou has said that until the eventual removal of the bases he will insist on their operation on strict terms, including overall Greek control and the possibility of halting their operation if it harms the country's relations, with other nations. (Raills loses, -N.Y. Times Greek party's leadership, page 8).

by Israelis as Gaza declares third strike and summoned the mayor and

Dec. 7 (A.P.) — Israeli troops shot dead a Palestinian teenager in a clash with rioting students today as a week of strikes against Israeli rule erupted into violence in the

Gaza Strip. Two other Arabs and a soldier were injured in the demonstration, in the southern Gaza Strip town of Rafah, the military command said.

It was the first anti-Israeli violence in the area in years. The Gaza Strip has usually stayed quiet despite continual unrest in the occupied West Bank.

A military spokesman said five soldiers were on a routine patrol in Rafah when a crowd of students surrounded their vehicle, threw rocks and punched the soldiers.

He said the troops fired in the air, and when the students did not disperse they were shot at. Military police opened an investigation, but the spokesman said that "according to preliminary reports, the soldiers acted according to standing orders."

Troops blocked the main roads into Rafah and tried to keep journalists away. But reporters who reached the town said the main square was littered with the remains of burning tires, rocks and debris. Troops patrolled the streets in machinegun-mounted

Israeli military authorities

town councillors for a warning against further disturbances, the state radio reported.

In Gaza city, the municipality declared the third two-day strike m a week to protest Israel's occupation of the area and Israeli taxes on local businessmen.

. In a notice in a Jerusalem Arabic newspaper, the municipality said the strike was called "to reject the occupation and show that the Palestinians want their own rights and a free Palestinian government."

Military authorities in the town ordered shopkeepers to open their shops and welded shut the doors of shops whose owners refused.

Gaza doctors and pharmacists also were striking to protest Israel's implementation of a 12-per cent Value Added Tax (VAT) on their transactions. The municipality, in its newspaper notice, called on authorities

to publicise how much tax money has been collected from Gazans and for what purposes it was used. In the occupied West Bank, Jamil Al Khatib took over his assassinated father's post as head of the Ramallah "Village Association." Yussuf Al Khatib was shot Nov. 17, and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), in

Beirut claimed responsibility for

servant of Israel's occupation. Al Khatib's other son, Qazem,

also died in the shooting.

Israel has cultivated village leaues in Ramallah, Bethlehem and Hebron as a means of countering PLO influence in the West Bank's urban areas. Critics on the leagues charge they are controlled by Israel despite their avowed purpose of developing the villages

and supplying services. Meanwhile, an Israeli military court sentenced two El Birch Arabs to 18 years imprisonment for bombings in Jerusalem in 1979. Two Israelis were injured in the separate bombing incidents.

The two Arabs were Hussein Abu Kwig, 34, and Marwan Al Minawi, 35, Israel radio said.

In the Jewish town of Yamit in northern Sinai, where settlers last week declared a self-imposed siege, Defence Minister Ariel Sharon convinced residents to remove their barbed-wire barricades and discuss compensation for the homes and businesses they will turn over to Egypt next April.

Militant settlers had threatened violence and prepared to resist if troops moved to reopen the town. But the settlers met with Sharon for several hours to discuss their demands, and Sharon promised to return next week after consulting with members of Prime Minister the shooting, charging he was a Menachem Begin's government.

Israel says Habib failed to wind down confrontation

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM, Dec. 7 (A U.S. special envoy Philip Habib ended his talks in Israel today and a foreign ministry spokesman said he had failed to wind down Israel's confrontation with Syrian and Palestinian forces in Lebanon.

"His (Habib's) mission was to solve the problems of the region. For the time being the problems have not been solved," said spokesman Avi Pazner.

He said Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir again told Habib of Israel's concerns over a Palestinian buildup in southern Lebanon, and the deployment of Syrian anti-aircraft missiles in the area. He said Habib "expressed the hope" that the

ceasefire which he arranged between Israel and the Palestinians on July 24 would continue. Mr. Pazner said Habib's one-hour meeting with Shamir was his last in Israel, and that he was expected to make one or two more stops in Arab

capitals and then return to Washington.

Habib visited Lebanon, Syria, Jordan, Saudi Arabia and Israel during his fourth trip to the Middle East since undertaking his mission last April.

The mission was launched to persuade Syria to remove the missiles, which Israel says hinder its control of Lebanese skies, but it appears as if it has

ided into a search for an overall settlement of th Lebanese problem.

Syria has vowed never to remove the missiles, and says the United States disqualified itself as a mediator when it signed a strategic alliance with Israel last week.

Israel radio said Habib complained to Shamir that information about his mission was being leaked to the Israeli press. He held up Saudi Arabia as a country capable of keeping the content of his talks secret, the radio said.

Israel claims the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) has concentrated between 15,000 and 20,000 men in southern Lebanon and is approaching the fighting strength of a regular army. It has implicitly warned it will take military action if Habib makes no progress. U.S. Secretary of State

Alexander Haig is to visit here in a few days and is expected to try and restrain Israel. Meanwhile, right-wing militia forces shelled the headquarters of the Irish contingent of the U.N. Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL) in the Leban-

ese town of Tibnine during the night, a U.N.

Cheysson arrives in Israel, criticises past French policy

TEL AVIV, Dec. 7 (A.P.) — French Foreign Minister Claude Cheysson arrived in Israel today and levelled an oblique attack on the previous French government for creating a hostile climate between Paris and Jerusalem.

In an arrival speech that departed from the customary pleasantries Mr. Cheysson said: A compact mass of misunderstandings" disrupted French-Israeli relations "and we

Papandreou meets with Weinberger

BRUSSELS, Dec. 7 (R) — U.S. Defence Secretary Caspar Wein-berger and Greek Prime Minister Andress Papendreou tonight held what they described as useful and encouraging talks on the fature of Greece's membership of NATO.

They said in separate statements after their meeting that they pianned further talks on what Mr. Papandreou called "these busic and important questions."

Mr. Weinberger, who miked for today's meeting to hear at first hand the Greek government's fature NATO plans, told reporters "we had a very useful and very encouraging meeting in which we held a global review to Greek defence problems and NATO problems." must remove them from our way." He added that a French-Israelimixed commission set up to deal. with bilateral relations had not

met for 10 years. Cheysson arrived for talks with the Israeli government which bopes the election of Socialist French President Francois Mitterrand will thaw the 15-year-old freeze in French-Israeli relations imposed by the late Gen. Charles de Gaulle.

Israeli Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir welcomed Cheysson with the hope that the talks here "will open a new page" in relations.

On the Middle East issue. where France and Israel differed about how to deal with the Palestinian problem, Cheysson said we will have subjects of disagreements, that is true but we are going to find between us a profound motivation and inspiration."

Recailing that Mitterrand is to pay the first visit by a French pres-ident to Israel next February, Cheysson said the two sides should multiply their high level

He said it was impossible to discuss the Mideast issue "without consulting one of the more important factors in the area ... Israel." He said France is determined to

The same of the sa

and cooperation." Once Israel's closest ally and major arms supplier, France sold Israel the Mirage warplanes that helped Israel in the 1967 war. But de Gaulle, then president of

first shot of the 1967 war and cut off the arms flow. With the election in June of Mitterrand, a long-time Israel supporter, Israel had held high hopes

France, accused Israel of firing the

of improved relations. Israel was encouraged when France took the lead in moving Europe towards closer identification with the Camp David Mideast accords by joining the multinational peace force that is to police the Sinai after Israel withdraws in April.

Israeli officials have also said France supports Israel's attempts to rebuild diplomatic ties with

And Israel noted with satisfaction that Mitterrand's visit to Algeria last week ended without a mention of the Palestinian probiem, despite Algeria's strong support for the Palestine Liberation Organisation.

But some Israeli press editorials: warned against interpreting Cheysson's visit as evidence of an essential change in relations. The influential Haaretz saw "a

significant improvement" in rela-'create"a new atmosphere of trust tions.

hold in lites

NATIONAL

Jordan industrial fair

An undertaking worthy of repetition

By Samira Kawar Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, Dec. 7-The industrial fair held in at Yarmouk University in Irbid from Nov. 22-29 was a "fruitful venture, worthy of repetition," according to Amman Chamber of Industry Director Ali Dajani.

The Amman Chamber of Industry had been prompted by several motives to organise and hold the fair, Mr. Dajani told the Jordan Times. The most important of these was to spread economic activity to various parts of the kingdom, rather than concentrating them in Amman. Mr. Dajani pointed out that this concept has been expressed within the framework of the five year development plan 1981-85, and is a goal often stressed by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan..

Another one of the fair's objectives was to acquaint the 9,000strong student community at the university with the importance of industrialisation, and to put them in touch with Jordanian industries. These students, Mr. Dajani said, would soon be embarking on their careers, and the fair gave them an opportunity to see the range of industries available in Jordan. They could also interact with qualified engineers, management experts, accountants and other workers in the various industries in Jordan - all people in whose footsteps the students might fol-

Besides the several thousand students who visited the fair, bet-

ween 70,000 and 80,000 indus-

trialists, businessmen and merchants came, Mr. Dajani said. About 200 locally manufactured products ranging from clothes, plastics and leather articles to washing machines, heaters and lifts were on display. Mr. Dajani said that, unlike previous industrial exhibitions in Jordan, the fair included capital, intermediate and engineering products as well as consumer goods. The intermediate products, such as yarns, are in turn utilised in manufacture, while engineering products comprise such items as prefabricated houses, refrigerators and steel pipes, all of which were

displayed at the fair. In response to a request by the Chamber of Industry, the large local industries such as the refinery, phosphate, potash, cement and fertiliser industries displayed maquettes of their plants and factories -- miniatures illustrating the various stages of the production process, starting with the raw mat-

The Social Security Corporation, Alia, the Royal Jordanian Airline and the Royal Scientific Society contributed to the fair's publications, covering such Security for industrial employees, and the Jordanian economy.

Rush to buy

Although the fair had started out as purely an industrial exhibition, Mr. Dajani said, visitors 'showed their eagerness to buy some of the products on show. The organisers gave in to the pressure, and the exhibition turned into a fair at which radiators, furniture, carpets and other products were sold, with sales agents being appointed to conclude the deals and transactions. Large amounts of consumer products such as con-fections and dairy products were sold directly to consumers. The Pepsi Cola company set up a spe-cial booth at which the soft drink was sold at 100 fils a bottle, with the proceeds going to a special fund for the benefit of the blind.

The fair opened up new local markets for the industries that had participated, Mr. Dajani said. It allowed Jordanian manufacturers to penetrate deep into the north of Jordan," he said and to reach consumers who had been unaware that such a wide range of products were locally man-

Mr. Dajani indicated, however, that there had been several shortcomings that need to be avoided at future such fairs. Invitations, he said, should have been insued earlier and to more people. He also said he regretted that some participants had delayed their arrangements to participate and to set up their sections till the



businessmen and merchants attended the Jordan industrial fair at Yarmonk University's gymnasium. 78.000-80.600 industrialists.

The timing of the fair, Mr. Dajani remarked, was not very opportune. The fair should have been held in spring or early summer, he said, instead of in late November -- a time when the university's academic programme was in full swing. Local hand-

icrafts and agricultural products. which had not been included in the fair, would be included in future fairs, Mr. Dajani added.

But despite the drawbacks, Mr. Dajani said the fair yielded very high returns, considering the modest expenditure of setting up an industrial fair on such a scale.

He said that for every dinar spent on the fair, a return of JD 400 had accrued: and that the return in prestige had been invaluable.

Mr. Dajani predicted that the industrial fair would become an annual event. The Chamber of Industry has already received gestions that similar fairs be

held in Zarga and Salt, and Prince Hassan has suggested that the site of Mu'ta University near Karak should also be considered.

Moreover, plans to set up an international industrial fair in Amman are already under consideration. The designs and that 1985 would see an interspecifications for the Amman national industrial fair in Amma

fairgrounds in Marj Al Haman will be ready in the first quarter of 1982, Mr. Dajani said. The coming five-year plan specific an allocation of JD 6 million to coper the initial stages of setting up the fair. he said. He voiced the hope

RESTAURANTS & BARS

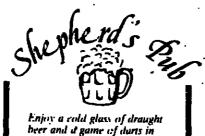
RESTAURANT CHINA The First & Best
Chinese Restaurant
in Jordan
First Circle Jabal Amman
Near Ahliyyah Girls School
Open Daily
12:00 - 3:30 p.m.
6:30 p.m. - Midnight
Tel. 38968
Take Home Service Available 'The First & Best

Philadelphia - Cotel NOWAT PHILADELPHIA OPENHOTEL









beer and it game of durts in a muly English Pub aumosphere at the Shepherd Hotel Pub. Open 12 norm to 1 a.m. Snacks & steaks served



5 th Circle

For Rec: 43564

MANDARIN Chinese Restaurant FULLY AIR CONDITIONED

Next to Orthodox Club

Wadi Sagra Hoad . cast of New Traffic Bridge Across From Hotiday Inn Tei. 61922 AMMAN



German supervision

* Finest cuisine * Rustical atmosphere

Open daily: 12:30 - 4:00 p.m. 6:30 - Midnight For Res. Tel. 62831, Shmeisani

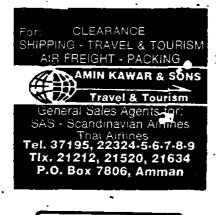
PACKING & CRATING

JORDAN

AIR & SEA FREIGHT TRAVEL & TOURISM

Tel. 62722, 62723 38141, 22565 tlx. 21635 P.O. Box 2143

TRANSPORTATION



Philadelphia Rent-A-Car **ALL NEW CARS FULLY INSURED** Philadelphia Hotel Tel. 25194

NATIONAL RENT-A-CAR



1981 MODELS AVAILABLE TEL. 39197-8

ORIENT TRANSPORT

FOR YOUR AIRFREIGHT. SEAFREIGHT, OVERLAND TRANSPORT, PACKING & HOUSEHOLD REMOVAL CONTACT US FOR A QUOTATION.

TEL. AMMAN 64128-9-30 **AQABA 2135** TLX. 21547 P.O. BOX 926499



AQABA



MANDARII

Chinese Restaurant FULLY AIR CONDITIONED **AQABA**

Amman road beside Samir Amis Restaurant Tel. 4633

CHINA RESTAURANT

The first and best Chinese restaurant in Aqaba. Take-away service available. Open daily 11:30-3:30, 6:30 - 11:00 p.m. Tel 4415 ABOVE HOMAM ACABA MUNICIPALIT

MISCELLANEOUS



Civil Defence St. Tel. 63890

\candinavian Show Room See the latest in Danish sitting room

furniture, wall units and bedrooms at Scandinavian Showroom, We have a large selection of sitting rooms in luxurious Chintz material. iure avaliable tax-free te

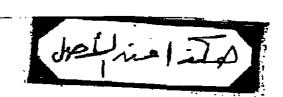
AL ZUHOUR TOY STORES

Amman, Jabal Hussein, Khaled Ibn Al Walid Street (opposite Sakinah School), announces that it has the most modern toys, gifts, watches, athletic shoes, and all kinds of Mister Baby, Chicco, Baby Comfort products. Retail or wholesale.

VISIT THE NEW FINLANDIA SHOWROOM

DISTINCTIVE GIFTS OF ALL SORTS FINNISH DESIGN GLASS & EARTHENWARE

HOME & OFFICE FURNITURE, Our new Tel. No. 39494 See map for directions.



NATIONAL



of the Arab standardisation and quality control course at the University of Jorda

Standardisation course provides expertise for 8 Arab countries

NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

AMMAN, Dec. 7 (Petra) --- Speaker of the Upper House of

Parliament Bahjat Al Talhouni received Turkish Ambassador in

Amman Rashad Arem today. Mr. Talhouni reviewed with Mr.

Arem the subject of the European Council's political committee

meeting in occupied Jerusalem at the invitation of the Israeli

Knesset. Mr. Arem explained to Mr. Talhouni that Turkey has not

been represented in the political committee since May 1981. He

said that Turkey is not represented in the European Council, and

that it has nothing to do with this meeting since the Turkish parliament was dissolved in 1980. The Turkish ambassador

stressed to Mr. Talhouni that the Turkish point of view on the holy

city of Jerusalem agrees with the Jordanian and the Arab view.

Mr. Talhouni thanked the Turkish ambassador for this clarifi-

cation, and Turkey's stand with the Arab and Muslim states on the

AMMAN, Dec. 7 (Petra) — The transport director at the Civil Aviation Department, Mr. Hani Baqa'in, left for Canada today to

participate in the fifth meeting of the air transport experts com-

mittee, an affiliate of the International Air Transport Association Montreal toda

10-day meeting will draw up price regulations and conditions for

passengers and freight. They will also study IATA's system for

currency exchange. Thirteen countries participate in this meeting,

AMMAN, Dec. 7 (Petra) - Jordan will participate in the meet-

ings of a technical committee which will study the setting up of a

staff specialised in atomic energy affairs, set to begin at Arab League headquarters in Tunis on Dec. 23. Dr. Ibrahim Badran,

energy director at the Ministry of Industry and Trade, will rep-

AMMAN, Dec. 7 (Petra) - Ministry of Foreign Affairs Secretary

General Amer Shammout today separately received the Libyan and the Hungarian ambassadors in Amman They discussed bilat-

AMMAN, Dec. 7 (Petra) — Minister of Foreign Affairs Marwan Al Qasem received Sudanese Ambassador in Amman Ahmed

Mohammed Diab today. Mr. Qasem and Mr. Diab discussed

AMMAN, Dec. 7 (Petra) — Director General of Civil Defence Maj. Gen. Khaled Al Tarawneh received today the Saudi military

attache in Amman on the occasion of the end of his assignment in

Amman. During the meeting, which was also attended by the new

Saudi military attache and several high-ranking civil defence officers, Maj. Gen. Tarawneh expressed his appreciation for the efforts which the outgoing Saudi aide made during his stay in Jordan to strengthen relations between the two countries. The

two attaches then made an inspection tour of the various sections

IRBID, Dec. 7 (Petra) — The Jordan Cooperative Organisation has decided to grant the Irbid cooperative society employees of

the United Nations Relief and Works and Agency (UNRWA) a loan of JD 100,000 to finance the society's housing project. The

society has 70 members, all UNRWA employees in the Irbid area.

MAN, Dec. 7 (Petra) --- Boy scouts and girl guides in Amman

remorate have taken measures to aid the needy during the

er. At a meeting of the scouts and their leaders in Amman

today, the acouting organisation decided to form clean-up-

ittees in Amman and to cooperate with Amman Mun-

to work together. It also decided to organise various

tions and to prepare for a general scouts festival, a sports

on art exhibition of paintings, handicrafts, stamps, costs.

Dec. 7 (Petra) — The military court has sentenced 29 verchants to fines between JD 60 to JD 100 for vio-

ry of Supply regulations. The military governor

of the directorate, and were briefed on its tasks.

UNRWA workers' co-op gets loan

Scouts to help Amman in winter

rcbants fined

e sentences today.

Civil Defence chief sees Saudi envoys

Foreign aide meets 2 ambassadors

eral relations between Jordan and the two countries.

Oasem meets Sudanese ambassador

including Jordan, which represents the Middle East.

Atomic affairs meeting set

resent Jordan at this meeting.

χ,

IATA Montreal session starts

Talhouni meets Turkish ambassador

AMMAN, Dec. 7 (Petra) — A today. The course is organised by pan-Arab training course on standardisation and quality control

issue of Jerusalem.

the Arab Organisation for Standardisation and Metrology began at the University of Jordan . (AOSM) in cooperation with the

international organisation for standardisation.

University of Jordan Acting President Rashid Al Diqr opened the session with a speech affirming the significance of the topics to be discussed on the agenda. He said that ever since its establishment, the university has followed a policy of interacting with the com-munity, and has placed its facilities at the disposal of researchers. He explained that because of this, the university has played host to a record number of conferences and

AOSM Secretary General Mohammad Thafer Al Sawwaf explained that the current course is particularly significant as the first course in standardisation and quality control. Its aim, he said, is to prepare for similar courses in every Arab country, so that the largest possible number of those involved in industry and trade

could participate in such courses. Dr. Sawwaf called for increasing cooperation with the University of Jordan, since it is a centre of knowledge and education. He said the topics to be discussed at the course are important because they are related to the reality of daily life.

During the 10-day course, representatives of eight Arab countries will listen to lectures on education in the field of standardisation, its activities, sig-nificance and benefits. They will learn about standardisation different levels, from individual plants to federations and societies, to the international level.

They will also hear lectures on foodstuff specifications and quality control, and will discuss the role of technology in development, and the problems of con-

Osaka consul loses his post

AMMAN, Dec. 7 (J.T.) — The cabinet has decided to end the services of Mr. Fu ad Jum'a as the Jordanian honorary consul in Osaka, Japan, Al Ra'i newspaper reported today.

The paper said the Jordanian Foreign Ministry will request the Japanese authorities to collect from Mr. Jum'a all Jordanian official stamps, money collected for certificates and visas, files and application forms used in his diolomatic activities in Japan.

Popular meeting condemns Israeli violation of holy places

AMMAN, Dec. 7 (Petra) — Participants in a popular meeting held at the office of the Islamic consultation authorities against the Arab residents in Palestine. They also requested the international gress on Jerusalem today declared organisation to intervene to prethat the Islamic Nation will in no way accept continued Israeli vio- continuing their arbitrary measlation of Al Aqsa Mosque in ures and practices against the Jerusalem and its compound, or Islamic holy places, particularly the attempts of extremist groups

to perform Jewish rites there. In a memorandum to United Nations Secretary General Kurt Waldheim, the participents con-demned the practices of the Israeli sion of Islamic holy places day.

vent the Israeli authorities from 'against Al Aqsa Mosque and the Ibrahimi Mosque in Hebron.

The popular meeting was held today at the premises of the

Today's Weather

It will be fair, with light and variable winds. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and seas calm.

24 Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 17, Aqaba 23. Humidity readings: Amman 34 per cent, Aqaba 35 per cent.

Jordan food security seminar begins today

seminar on food security planning in Jordan will begin on Tuesday at the University of Jordan Faculty of Agriculture. The seminar is organised by the Economic Com-(ECWA) in cooperation with the Ministry of Agriculture and the

Faculty of Agriculture.

Dr. Sulciman 'Arabeist, the rapporteur of the seminar's preparatory committee, said that during the three-day seminar, the participants will review and discuss several expects of the current food several aspects of the current food security situation, and future expectations as well as ways to predict production each year.

They will also discuss ways to determine production in the medium and the long term, food for cooperation needs in Jordan and the country's ability to meet these needs in emergencies, together with food security in Jordan's agricultural

development plans, he said.

Fifty participants representing
the ministries of agriculture and supply, the National Planning Council, the Jordan Cooperative Organisation, the Jordan Valley

Aides visit from North,

South Yemen AMMAN, Dec. 7 (Petra) — The Communications Minister Mohammad Addoub Al Zaben

received today the under-

secretary of the Ministry of Com-

munications of the Arab Republic of Yemen, Mr. Mohammad Al Arashi, who is currently visiting Jordan. They discussed means of cooperation between the ministries of the two countries. Mr. Arashi conveyed to Dr. Zaben a verbal message from his Yemeni counterpart, including an invitation to attend the meetings of the general assembly of the Arab Satellite Communications Organisation, which will be held in Sanaa

Meanwhile, the minister of labour and civil service at the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen, Mr. Nasser Ali, today visited the ministries of labour and social development.

next April.

AMMAN, Dec. 7 (Petra) — A Authority, the Royal Scientific Society, the University of Jordan, the Council of Arab Economic Unity, the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organisation, the World Food Programme, the mission for Western Asia Kuwaiti and Saudi development funds, the agriculture engineers' association, the agricultural marketing association and the Jordan Valley farmers' association will participate.

CAEU, Latin **American** system sign

AMMAN, Dec. 7 (J.T.) -- A cooperation agreement was signed here today between the general secretariat of the Council of Arab Economic Unity (CAEU) and the Caracas-based Latin American Economic System (SE-LA). The agreement aims at developing economic and technical cooperation between the two organisations, particularly in activating trade and technical cooperation between CAEU and SELA member states.

The agreement also provides for the exchange of information on possible markets for the products of the two organisations' member states, on developing the technical services of their export sectors, on staff training and on joint working programmes involving economic questions.

CAEU Secretary General Fakhri Qaddouri signed the agree-ment for the CAEU, and the permanent secretary of SELA signed. for his organisation.

It was also announced today that Dr. Qaddouri will leave for Brussels tomorrow to sign a cooperation agreement between the CAEU general secretariat and the Customs Cooperation Council. Dr. Qaddouri will also deliver a lecture at the Customs Cooperation Council on Wednesday on the CAEU and its role in effecting integration among Arab states in trade and customs.

Byzantine cemetery found in downtown Amman district



AMMAN, Dec. 7 (Petra) — A Byzantine cemetery dating to the sixth century A.D. has been discovered in Jahal Al Joseh, Amman.

Antiquities Inspector Wa'll Al Rashdan, now supervising the excavations at the site, said that the cemetery was discovered when a construction contractor was digging to install sewers in Jobel Al Joseh. This is the only Byzantine cemetery to be discovered in Jordan, he said. All the other cemeteries so far discovered in Jordan were from the Roman period.

The newly discovered cemetery includes ornaments and murals depicting grape vines, bunches of grapes and palm branches.

Mr. Rashdan called on Jordanian residents and construction contractors to inform the Department of Antiquities of any antiquities they discover when digging for any purpose. The Department of Antiquities will conduct the necessary studies of any new discovery, he said.

Exhibition opens

AMMAN, Dec. 7 (Petra) -Princess Wijdan Ali opened at the Goethe Institute today the third art exhibition of artist Diana Hajjar Shamounki. The exhibition will continue until Dec. 14. Miss Shamounki's paintings follow expressionism and realism in terms of clarity and simplicity in drawing. The artist began her art activities in 1965, and has participated since then in several Middle Eastern and international exhibitions.



Omani visitors on Jordan Valley tour



Visiting Omani Education Minister Yahya Al Misnziri (centre, in dark giasses) and his delegation visit the Martyrs' Monument in Karameh Mon-day, accompanied by Minister of Education Sa'id Al Tal (second from right). The Omani delegation also visited several projects in the Jordan Valley, where they were briefed on plans to develop agriculture in the valley. Earlier on Monday, the delegation visited the University of Jordan, also accommunied by Dr. Tal. The university's acting president. Dr. Rashid Al Digr, briefed the Omani

cational philosophy aimed at achieving openness and interaction with the community and its needs. They also discussed means to strengthen edual and scientific cooperation between the University of Jordan and educational institutes in the Sultanate of Oman. Mr. Musziri expressed his admiration for the high educational standard of the university, compared to other educational institutions in the area.

WHAT'S GOING ON.

Exhibitions

- * The paintings of Diana Shamounki, at the Goethe Institute.
- * Photos of the Iraqi-Iranian war, at the Iraqi press office, Fifth Circle, Jabal Amman.
- * Ceramics reliefs by Maha Otaqui, at the Suhail Bisharat Gallery in Jabal Amman.
- *Ceramics by Issam Nuseirat and Vivian Batshoun, at the Haya
- "Four Seasons," an exhibition of paintings by Hrair, at the Alia

Children's plays

"The Haya Arts Centre, in cooperation with the Goethe Institute, presents plays for children (ages 5 - 10): "The Musicians of Bremen" and "Rapunzel", in Arabic, at 3:30 p.m.

Piano recital

* The American Centre, presents American planist Martin Ber-kofsky at the Holiday Inn ballroom, at 8:30 p.m.



presented at the new BALLROOM of the HOTEL JORDAN INTER CONTINENTAL

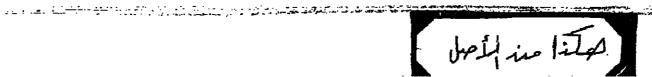
wednesday december 9 / 6.30 pm_8,30 pm gala event w. tombala friday december 11 / 6.30 pm_8.30 pm

part of proceeds will go for the benefit of d hussein society for the rehabilitation of the physically handicapped . . this event is organized by

HOTEL JORDAN INTER-CONTINENTAL and co-sponsored by

Tickets Available At: Hotel Jordon Intercontinental Tel. 41361 Ext. 2319 & Alia Public Relations Dept Tel.47804 Al Hussein Society Tel 813573





Editor:

Responsible Editor: MOHARIMAD AMAD

Board of Directors: JUMA'A HAMMAD RAJA ELISSA MOHAMMAD AMAD MAHMOUD AL KAYED

Managing Editor: MAAZ D. SHUKAYR

RAMI G. KHOURI

Advertising Manager FERNANDO FRANCIS

Editorial and advertising offices: JORDAN PRESS FOUNDATION University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 67171-2-3-4 Tlx. 21497 Al Rai JO, Cables: JORTIMES, Amman, Jordan.

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Advertising and subscription rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

A jolt in time

THE BREAKDOWN last month of a preliminary agreement among Arab airlines to set up a common computerised reservations system based in Bahrain will not make as much news as the breakdown of the Arab summit in Fez. In the long run, however, it may be a more significant indicator of whether or not the Arab states can cooperate in technical and economic fields in a manner that could withstand the vagaries of political relations - and therefore build a meaningful base upon which the slogans of Arabism may be fleshed out.

Airline reservation systems may not at first appear to be the most obvious candidate for a litmus test of Arab states' seriousness about cooperating in the interest of all those who call themselves Arabs. Yet the aviation industry in the Middle East is one of the fastes! growing sectors anywhere in the world, and it is hard to think of a field in which the anticipated growth in demand would augur better for a joint effort pooling the resources and requirements of many Arab states. It strikes us as rather embarrassing that some Arab states should still have to rely on links with American or European systems to automate their reservation systems, while the knowhow, finance and market demand are in front of us on a silver platter asking to be brought together into a common Arab airline reservation system. If we cannot agree on cooperation in areas such as this, then we have precious little to stand on when we strive to build political processes in the Arab Worldbased on consensus decisions. The airlines reservation dilemma should come as a timely jolt to all those people for whom the concept of Arabism and pan-Arab action still has meaning.

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

Help Lebanon before it is too late

AL RA'I: Israeli Defence Minister Ariel Sharon has once again embarked airing threats to attack southern Lebanon under the pretext that the presence of the Palestinian resistance there poses an unbearable danger to Israel's security and safety. Everybody understands that this is the same excuse largel always voices

whenever it plans an aggression against southern Lebanon.

Sharon's threat reminds one of the wave of threats voiced by Menachem Begin and his Likud bloc before returning to office. These threats culminated in two weeks of fierce fighting between the Israeli and the Palestinian sides. But the truth is that Israel has resorted to two methods since the establishment of the ceasefire in order to resume its war of annihilation against the Palestinian people. It first resorted to planting explosive charges inside Lebanese cities killing hundreds of people. Then it escalated its fierce campaign against the people in the occupied territories. At the same time Israel continued its claims that the Palestinians were reinforcing themselves in southern Lebenon in an attempt to find a pretense to break away from the ceasefire agreement and to resume its barbaric war against the Palestinian people.

It seems that Israel believes that its chance to invade the south is available now. It also seems that Israel's plans this time are aimed at directing a fatal blow to the Palestinian resistance and subsequently, have the final word in defining the future of Lebanon.

While alerting the Arabs to this new Israeli scheme, we draw the attention to the fact that the only way to prevent Israel from achieving its goals is the establishment of a unified Arab stand to support Lebanon before it is too late.

Prepare for Fez summit

AL DUSTOUR: A large number of Lebanese writers blame the Arabs for the seven-year-old tragedy in Lebanon. And .very few Arab writers believe that the Lebanese crisis is only r. domestic one. The current developments being witnessed by the Arab Nation indicate that Lebanon is about to face another crisis. The current Arab situation has alerted the aggressive Israeli leaders to the possibility of realising their expansionist dreams of reaching the Litani River basin.

Philip Habib has come to the region in an attempt to consolidate the ceasefire along the Lebanese border and to help the Arabs and Lebanese to extinguish the fire blazing on in Lebanon. But the Israeli defence minister has found the eve of the visit of Habib to express concern over what Israel claims as Palestinian fortification in Lebanon under the security of the presence of

Syrian missiles in Lebanon. Although the Arab Follow-up Committee and all the other concerned parties are doing their best to solve the Lebanese crisis, it is evident that it is only the Israeli side is able to control the

situation in Lebanon. The Arab troops in Lebanon, supposed to protect it against any Israeli threats, have shrunk their duties to cover some parts inside Lebanon. They appear to have become an internal security force

that has nothing to do with the Israeli threats against Lebanon. What is happening in Lebanon is just an example of what the Arab situation will be like if the Arabs do not act promptly to prepare for the forthcoming Fez Arab summit which should steer the nation out of its difficulties and lead it to strongly face the threats posed against it and its future.

POLITICAL HORIZON

What are U.S. and Israel trying to hide?

By Kamel S. Abu Jaber

WHAT IS behind the smoke-screen that the Zionist and Israeli propoganda machines have thrown-up? How important is the American-Israeli strategic cooperation agreement? Is it a treaty? An executive agreement? An "understanding"? Why is it at times called an accord and at others a protocol? What is behind this plethora of names?

Before signing it, the United States defence secretary said, "...it was likely that Washington would sign a memorandum of agreement with Israel on U.S. defence measures in the Middle East...." In this statement the agreement is called a "memorandum". Later it was revealed that the agreement's provisions for strategic coop-

eration will encompass Africa too. Truly, what is behind this barrage of cuphemisms? If it were not so important as the United States wanted to project, why were the Israelis so upset about its being down-graded? The Israelis did not seem to think it was unimportant. Prime Minister Begin called it an historic agreement while the Israeli opposition parties called for a vote of no-confidence in the Likud government. In fact four proposals of no-confidence motions were submitted to the Knesset and defeated, the last by a vote of 57 to 53.

The text of the agreement has been made public. Some sources,

however, state there are secret provisions attached to it. Both sides deny this. Yet what is already known is alarming enough. The high significance of the agreement is indicated by the fact that the Israeli side has finally agreed to sign it. One week before its conclusion, one Israeli official said, "We made it abundantly clear in the past and say again that Israel will not accept an accord on strategic cooperation unless it contains some real substance. Israel has been given to understand that the agreement will provide for more than the storage of bandages and iodine in times of emergency....". Apparently the agreement contains "some real substance" ...the nature of which is not yet very clear though some indications are

beginning to emerge. Ostensibly the agreement was designed to cope with "...threats to the Middle East security by the Soviet Union or Sovietcontrolled forces..." It was made clear also that the agreement was not directed against any state or group of states within the Middle East region. Al Anba' newspaper, quoted by Radio Israel on the morning of Dec. 3, 1981, stated that the agreement hoped to prevent a repetition of Afghanistan in the Middle East. The paper then proceeded to question the right of any Arab state to object to it inasmuchas many of the latter do cooperate with the United States. In defending the agreement before the Knesset, Defence Minister Sharon stated that it was designed to defend Israel only

These arguments notwithstanding, it is pertinent to question the right of the United States and Israel to appoint themselves as the defenders of the defenders of the Middle East. Are there no other states in the region who ought to be consulted on whether they want to be defended or not? Does the danger facing the Arab countries singly or collectively, emanate solely from outside the regions What is the meaning of the security of the region when the large forces can attack, with impunity, any target they choose within it.

When will the United States realise that the Arabs cannot see the danger they are told is waiting to be unleashed from the north when their heart is being torn apart everyday by the Israeli military machine? The deafening roar of the israeli war planes almost daily violating the skies of the Arab countries prevents the latter from

paying attention to any other danger, real or imaginery.

The agreement is significant. Indeed it is one of the most important developments in the region in many years. Its basic significance derives from the fact that, for the first time in the history of the Arab-Israeli conflict, the United States has openly signed a writen agreement to coordinate its strategy with that of Israel.

U.S. nuclear dreams are Europe's nightmares

By Sidney Weiland

Reuter GENEVA: — THE UNITED STATES and its European allies face sharply conflicting pressures against the backgdrop of U.S.-Soviet arms negotiations in

NATO plans for the stationing of new-generation U.S. missiles in Western Europe depend on how the transatlantic tussle will be resolved. The situation has all the ingredients for trouble.

On both sides, the priorities are seen differently. U.S. and European officials agree that skilled diplomatic footwork will be needed to keep the 15-nation Western alliance in step as key policy issues are debated in the coming two years.

For the U.S., the crucial priority is to maintain NATO resolve in carrying out a five-year prog-ramme for the siting of 572 U.S. missiles in five West European countries.

In Europe, NATO governments look to the U.S.-soviet talks which started this week for an accord that could make the American missiles redundant even before they are brought to

The Reagan administration, strongly backed by the European allies, has offered a "zero option" approach at Geneva which calls for cancellation of U.S. deployment plans if Moscow dismantles major missiles targeted against Western Europe.

If this is unattainable, NATO favours slashing cuts that would reduce both U.S. and Soviet medium-range nuclear missile arsenals in Europe to less awesome proportions.

For all concerned, including the Soviet Union, the U.S. missiles are inextricably linked with progress or lack of it at Geneva, where the U.S. hopes to limit initial discussion to key weapons involved in NATO's 1979 deployment

At that time, NATO called for American Pershing-2 and Cruise missiles to be located in Europe to counter what was seen as a mounting threat from Soviet SS-20 missiles that are capable of hitting almost all cities in Western

The decision was linked with a proposal for U.S.-Soviet negotiations to limit all midrange European-based missiles. The zero option calls for the retiring of older Soviet SS-4 and SS-5 missiles as well as the triple-warhead SS-20.

Since 1979, the five countries due to accept U.S. missiles - Belgium, Britain, West Germany, Italy and the Netherlands - have encountered steadily rising opposition from peace movements which is some cases span the political spectrum.

The missiles have become a symbol for many Europeans of the potential horror of a nuclear war in which the continent's denselypacked cities would be prime

Most West European political leaders would prefer a negotiated solution that would allow the Pershings and Cruises to stay on the other side of the Atlantic.

This would sharply reduce the warning time available to Moscow if only intercontinental rockets

U.S. officials have made clear that European wavering over the missiles worries them more than the prospect of stonewalling by the Soviet Union in the Geneva

The U.S. holds that its bar-

gaining position would be gravely undermined if Moscow decided the deployment plan was likely to collarse of its own accord even without Soviet concessions.

This point was emphasised by U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig in a message last week clearly aimed at the Europeans. The message coincided with the opening of the Geneva negoti-

Mr. Haig said NATO's dualtrack approach -- to prepare for deployments while continuing to negotiate -- "offers the only hope for an agreement that will assure our security for years to come."

U.S. officials said the Hair argument, already well-known in Europe, would be constantly hammered home during the expected weary months of negotiating in Geneva. For the Americans, the risk of backsliding by the Europeans remains a con-

stant nightmare. While the arms talks are expected to be long and arduous, all sides involved are aware the planned U.S. deployments set an almost automatic deadline for

NATO has said the missiles will start to arrive in Europe in late 1983 if no limitation agreement is reached by that time.

West German chancellor Helmut Schmidt says the timetable effectively means that some agreement should ideally be in light by the summer of 1983. By then, preparations for the U.S. bases should be far advanced.

In the U.S. view, any attempt by European governments to delay implementation of the deployment plan would be highly dangerous for Western security.

U.S. diplomats said their main aim within NATO would now be to hold the alliance on course in keeping to the twin-track goal.

This will be reaffirmed when Mr. Ha **g and U.S. Defence Sec**retary Caspar Weinberger meet other NATO foreign and defence ministers in Brussels this week, ;alliance sources said.,

American officials, however, fear the Europeans may start pushing for U.S. concessions at Geneva if signs appear that a relatively quick deal can be struck with Moscow.

They think Soviet tactics may be heavily influenced by awareness that the Europeans are lobbying vigorously from the sidelines. Depending on unknown Kremlin priorities, officials say, this might" help the talks - or it could persuade Moscow to play for time.



To be in or not to be-- Spanish army ponders over NATO entry

By Ethan Bronner

MADRID: THE SPANISH MILITARY, guardian of the late Gen. Franco's dictatorship for 40 years, is still having trouble adjusting to democracy and is at a majorcrossroads, according to foreign and domestic military sources.

Faced with Spain's imminent entry into the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) and a democratic monarchy that is trying to coax military officers out of politics, the armed forces must either dramatically alter their style or stop the democratic process, the sources say.

Last February, some members of the military opted for the latter and tried unsuccessfully the state and to Spain's six-year-old designcracy. In recent weeks the country has been full of rumours of military unrest but most experts doubt that the army is seriously considering intervening now.

Many say the military feels no

need to step in because Centrist Prime Minister Leopoldo Calvo Sotelo follows a policy of not upsetting it. Socialist leaders call his conciliatory policy a "soft! coup," meaning that the military is getting its way by giving the impression that it would intervene if it didn't.

"You must remember three things about the Spanish milita western defence attache ary," a western desence attache said. "One, they are used to providing the political boss. Two, every senior officer owes his position to Gen. Franco. And three, they haven't fought an outside invader in 150 years. They have: entry into NATO is a major topic:

been solely concerned with what they see as a threat from whitin."

But with Spain's entry into NATO virtually assured before the end of next year - the senate last week gave final approval to the government's application the army will be forced to take a hard look at its domestic political. role, experts say.

One major stumbling block to that re-evaluation will be the court martial of 32 officers, including three generals, arrested after last February's abortive coup. The trial, due to take place early next year, will be a source of great tension in the military, awakening emotions that the government would prefer remained in hibernation.

Democrats in Spain want the 32, charged with military rebel-

Another issue the army will

"NATO is most interested in Spain's air force and navy," a gen-

lion, to receive exemplary punishment. But respect for those involved in the coup attempt remains high in the military and many Spaniards fear they will be let off with minimal sentences.

have to face in the coming months is the large size of its officer corps. There are about 300 active generals for a quarter of a million troops whereas France has about 200 generals with a third more

eral from a NATO country said. "What does it want with all those. colonels and generals?" According to some

democratically-minded middle-

ranking army officers, Spain's

of discussion in the army. They say army officers are aware that they will benefit far less than the other services by the move.

"NATO entry is going to pose a series of questions for the army such as who will get what command, which section will be 'updated first and so on," said one officer. "With the army already feeling threatened, this could mean more trouble."

In the six years since Gen. Franco died, the threat perceived by the army has grown in a variety

The weakening of tight central rule, heightened by separatist violence often aimed at the military in the Basque region, is seen as one of the greatest manaces by an army trained on the idea of one Spain united under one flag.

The post-Franco democratic authorities have made regional autonomy one of their major goals and experts believe that the devolution of power must be handled with great care if the military is to accept it.

"I see autonomy process as the greatest source of mease in the army," said a Western diplomat who is in frequent contact with the Spanish military.

One of the main arguments put forward by those who favour Spain's entry into NATO is that the move will compel the armed forces to turn outwards in their COncerns.

But diplomatic and domestic sources believe NATO entry will probably change the army's attitude towards internal politics for many years.

"If they see Spain coming apart at the seams, the army is not going to say 'let's worry about it tomorrow. We've got a NATO exercise today'," said one military attache

Another diplomat related a remark he heard not long ago from a senior army officer: "We put Spain together by the points of our bayonets and we're not going to let it fall apart."

Some recent events also suggest that members of the military have not abandoned habits and attitudes of the Franco era.

Last weekend, an army captain

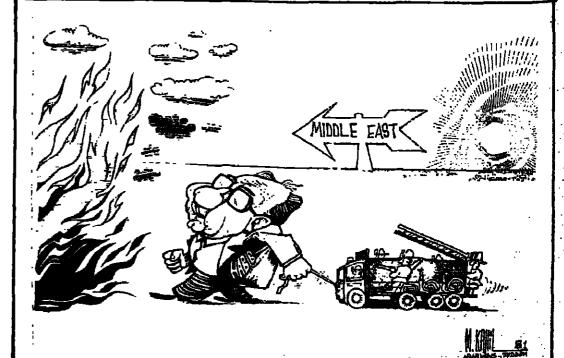
ordered two platoons of armed police to break up an authorised, anti-NATO rally because he heard demonstrators insulting the armed forces. The officer was

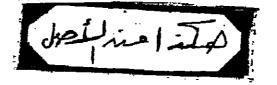
Military sources say the respect for King Juan Carlos, who is credited with having stopped the last coup, has fallen dramatically in the armed forces. An army captain who was heard to call the king "a useless pig' was given a minimal sentence by a courtmartial of one month's detention.

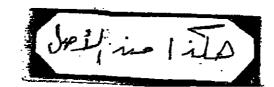
Sources add, however, that Mr. Calvo Sotelo is relatively wellliked among the military.

Since last February, he has, for example, pushed through legis-lation insisting that the Spanish flag always take precedence over regional ones and restricting the use of the word "nation" to the Spanish nation.

The government clearly hope that if the military feels reassured by its policy, it will slowly turn away from domestic politics and towards its role in NATO, But all experts agree that should there be a sudden radical change in policy or the appearance of prolonged weakness in the government, military intervention is still a real







ECONOMY

Libya objects Tunis' entry into OAPEC

·BU DHABI, Dec. 7 (R) – Arab oil ninisters consulted their govrnments today after Libva bjected to Tunisia's membership If the Organisation of Arab Pet-Soleum Exporting Countries DAPEC).

OAPEC conference sources said the Libyans, in spute with Tunisia over their continental shelf, inted the issue deferred to another conference, it there was little support for the ideas from other , APEC states.

The one-day ministerial conference adjourned er the morning session for banch and contrations, but will reconvene later today to discuss matter further, the sources said.

Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Algeria, Libya, United ab Emirates, Iraq, Bahrain, Qatar and Syria are ambers of OAPEC. Except for Bahrain and tia, the other states are calso members of the -nation Organisation of Petroleum Exporting

Egypt was suspended from OAPEC for signing

By Kevin Done

The Volkswagen supervisory board is mov-.

ng quickly to fill the vacuum that has opened

larmingly in the company's top man-

igement. Herr Toni Schmucker's formal

lecision to step down from the chairmanship

on health grounds marks the end of an era for

West Germany's biggest motor concern,

which has been thrown into considerable dis-

array since June when Herr Schmucker suf-

the 1979 peace treaty with Israel.
OPEC ministrers are due to meet in Abu Dhabi on Wednesday, with the question of crude oil differentials--variations in price to take account of quality--a main topic.

OAPEC sources said Tunisia's application, backed by Kuwait, was assured of prompt acceptance until Libya raised objections last night at a meeting of OAPEC's executive committee which prepared the conference's agenda.

Saudi Oil Minister Sheikh Ahmed Zaki Yamani told reporters as the ministers opened the formal meeting: "the problem is the acceptance by Libya which is a founder member (of OAPEC) and it is a necessity to get their approval." "They (Libya) have veto power," Sheikh Yamani added. Tunisian Economy Minister Abdulaziz Lasram had been expected here last night to make the formal membership request, but he did not arrive. Tunisia produces about 110,000 barrels of oil a day (b/d).

OAPEC, whose members earned \$209 billion in

oil revenues last year, produces about 15 million b/d of crude oil or two-thirds of OPEC's output. If no decision is reached the Tunisian application could be tabled again at the next OAPEC con-

Volkswagen's heir presumptive

to the U.S. to open up the Ameri-

can market for the company's

For nearly five years Dr. Hahn

made an outstanding success of his

role as chief executive officer of

V.W. of America and was

rewarded with a seat on the board

From this position, he was

of the parent company in 1964.

clearly a leading contender for the

top job in Wolfsburg, but was thwarted first in 1968 by Herr

Kurt Lotz, who was brought in

from Brown Boveri, and then

again in 1971 when Herr Rudolf Leiding was appointed chief

As the board member with

responsibility for sales Dr. Hahn

inevitably reaped much of the cri-

ticism himself as Volkswagen pro-

fits began to sag at the beginning of the 1970s. For too long the

company had clung on to its old

success formula, the Beetle, and

trends in the world motor indus-

try, which demanded a very dif-

ferent model range than V.W. had

available at the beginning of the

In the event, however, Dr.

Hahn left -- as much as anything

else because of personal dis-

had failed to catch the ch

world-beater, the Beetle.

First ever U.S. plan to lend in Japanese yen

WASSENGTON, (Å.P.)—The United States is considering a plan to make loans to foreign businessmen in Japanese yen as a way of encouraging the sale of American goods by buyers who prefer to deal in that currency.

If the administration of President Ronald Reagan approves the plan, it will mark the first time the United States has lent in any currency other than U.S. dollars, according to a Treas-

ury Department spokesman. The major reason pros-pective buyers of American goods like to deal in Japanes yen is that interest rates in Japan are much lower than they are in the United States and many other countries. That means it costs them less to repay

The loans would be made by the U.S. Export-Import (EX-IM) Benk.

agreements, with Herr Leiding. His departure at the end of

1972, in fact, spared him the

exposure to V.W.'s worst years in

1974 and 1975, when the group ran up losses of nearly DM 1 bil-

lion in just two years. In the midst

of the slump Herr Leiding himself

was unseated to be succeeded by

Most importantly, Dr. Hahn

had established good relations

with the workforce at V.W. and

these contacts have stood him in

good stead during recent weeks as.

the Volkswagen supervisory

board cast around for a new

unions probably play a more

important role in decision making

at V.W. than at any other major

company in West Germany, and

lack of support from this quarter

means an effective veto for any

aspirant to the executive chair-

resentatives or union officials

have half the seats on the super-

The other powerful con-

stituencies to which Dr. Hahn had

to appeal are the Federal Gov-

ernment and the state of Lower

Saxony, which each hold a 20 per

anship. Workers'

visory board.

The workforce and the trade

Herr Schmucker.

executive chairman.

Peking announces new tax, contracts law

PEKING, Dec. 7 (A.P.) -- Foreign businesses in China will be taxed at 20-40 per cent, but will be able to credit Chinese taxes against their tax liability at home. China's parliament was told

A draft of China's new tax and foreign contracts law was submitted to the National People's Congress and corresponds to foreign and international tax practices, the official Xinhua news agency reported.

The new laws represent China's efforts to cope with increasing economic relations with foreign countries. Many foreign businesses have been reluctant to do business in China until detailed laws were promulgated.

Foreign oil companies especially feared that Chinese tax laws might not accord with international practice and worried that they might suffer double taxation in China and at home. .

The income tax will be levied on income derived from production, business and other sources at a progressive rate ranging from 20-40 per cent. The hability will be the income in a tax year after

cent stake in the company.

At Conti-Gummi Dr. Han's

record has not been without blem-

ish, but in today's tyre and rubber

processing industry survival itself

is a singular achievement. When

he took the group over in 1973 it

was already in losses and it was not

until 1975 that he managed to

bring it marginally into profit. A

small dividend was paid in 1980 -

Dr. Hahn's main failure has

been his inability to push through

a reorganisation of the German

tyre and rubber sector. Twice dur-

ing the 1970s, the second time in

1977-78 under Dr. Hahn's chair-

manship, Continental came within

an ace of a merger with the Phonix

rubber group, but eventually foundered on Phonix's wish to

Last year Conti-Gummi moved

to take over Kleber, the

majority-owned subsidiary of

last moment when it realised how

deeply Kleber had fallen into the

Dr. Hahn's one big success in

the takeover direction was the

acquisition of Uniroyal's Euro-

pean tyre operations in 1979.

which added around DM 800 mil-

Michelin but mulled back a

the first in eight years.

remain independent.

deduction of costs, expenses and losses. The law has five categories of tex rates: -20 per cent for an annual

income of 250,000 yuan (\$167,000) or less; --25 per cent for income between 250,000 yuan and 500,000 yuan

(\$333.000): --30 per cent for income between 500,000 yuan and 750,000 yuan (\$500,000);

-35 per cent for income between 750,000 yuan and one million yuan (\$670,000); -40 per cent for income more

than one million yuan. A local surtax of 10 per cent will be levied on taxable income.

China reported that big oil companies with an annual income of more than 10 million yuan (\$6.7 million) could pay as much as 48.75 per cent in taxes.

The tax burden would range from 30-32.5 per cent, it said, for foreign enterprises engaged in joint operations in Guangdong, Fujia, and other provinces. Most of those have an annual income of less than 500,000 yuan (\$333,000).

An income tax of 20 per cent

lion sales to the Continental

group's turnover. Conti last year

had an after-tax profit of DM 26.8

million on turnover of DM 3.12

Under Herr Schmucker, Vol-

kswagen achieved a soaring

recovery from its miseries of the

first half of the 1970s, boosting its

dividend each year from 1976-79

'as it rode the motor industry boom

years. Having come up in the nick

of time with a totally new model

range led by the popular Golf,

V.W. had pushed its vehicle sales

by the end of 1979 to more than

In 1979, with the company sit-

ting on a cash mountain of around

DM 7 billion, this team led V.W.

off on the path of diversification

into the electronics and electrical

industry with the take-over of

Triumph Adler. T.A. was sup-

posed to provide V.W. with

growth and profits to offset the

motor industry. Instead, however,

Triumph-Adler has plunged

deeply into loss and one of Dr.

Hahn's first tasks at V.W. will be

to re-assess the company's whole

-- Financial Times news feature

strategy for diversification.

2.5 million worldwide.

iness operations in China and will be levied on foreign businesses that have no branches many firms will take part in China's offshore oil exploration in China but derive income from dividends, interest, lease of propand development, Xinhua said. erty, royalty and other sources in Foreign loans given to China at

renminbi.

a preferential rate will be tax free, The new tax law applies to all foreign enterprises, including oil firms, regardless of nationalities and trades, the report said. "Thus a foreign enterprise may

credit the tax it pays in China against the tax to be paid to its own government," Xinhua said. "The law will furnish a legal basis for agreements to be signed between the Chinese and other governments to avoid double taxation," it added.

Foreign tax experts, however, will have to examine the law to determine whether Chinese taxes may be applied against other tax

Several hundred foreign enterprises now have branches and bus-

the law says. The tax on foreign enterprises will be computed in renminbi, local currency. Income in foreign currency will be assessed according to the exchange rate and taxed in

Tax exemptions may be granted to foreign enterprises engaged in low profit operations such as farming, forestry and stock raising for 10 vears or more.

The draft law on economic contracts says disputes should be solved promptly through con-sultation. If consultation fails, either party may request mediation or arbitration by the authorities concerned, or file suit in the Chinese People's Court.

Bonn vetoes EEC steel industry aid

BRUSSELS, Dec. 7 (R) — West Germany, angered by continuing European Economic Community (EEC) aid payments to the EEC steel industry, today blocked payment of 75 million dollars in aid to the community's steelworkers, diplomatic sources said.

The West German veto came at the start of a two-day EEC foreign ministers' meeting here, at which the vexed issue of reform of the EEC's \$25-billion budget was being temporarily dropped in order to deal with other questions.

The sources said other countries favoured payment of the aid for the steel industry, which has lost 25 per cent of its workforce since 1974 through recession among major steel users such as the car and construction industries.

West Germany did not feel payment of the funds from the EEC budget was justified while progress towards elimination of state aids remained slow, they said. EEC ministers agreed last June to phase out all aids by the end of 1985. At the same time, they decided to try to find \$75 million from the EEC budget by the end of this year as a contribution to easing the effects of the steel crisis.

The \$75 million was to have supplemented \$60 million which was paid immediately from national budgets for early retirement pensions and retraining for steelworkers.

LONDON EXCHANGE

LONDON, Dec. 7 (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on

RATES

One sterling One U.S. dollar

1.9475/85 1.1787/90 2.2270/80 2.4340/60 1.7860/75 37.89/94 5 6200/30

1195.00/1196.00 216.20/35 5.4730/60

Japanese yen Swedish crowns Danish crowns

Islamic artists from most of the

Muslim countries and a collection

of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal

Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. -

6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays. Tel.

Dutch guilder 137.3/138.1

(for every 100) 154.2/155.1

. 28/28.2

. 61.2/61.6

U.S. dollars

Canadian Idollars

Dutch guilders

Belgian francs

Swiss francs

West German marks

U.S. dollars

the London foreign exchange and bullion markets today.

5.7035/65 7.2015/65 One ounce of gold 417.50/418.25

French francs Italian lire Norwegian crowns

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GI

ren-

red.

JORDAN TELEVISION

fered a heart attack.

With losses mounting in some

ajor markets and its diver-

ication policy under heavy

ack, the company could not

ford a long drawn-out battle for

e succession. The executive

mmittee of the supervisory

pard has cut short mounting

eculation by coming up with an

reed candidate who already has

oup, Dr. Carl Hahn.

intimate knowledge of the

At present the chief executive

Continental Gummi-Werke.

est Germany's biggest tyre

CHANNEL 3

7:30

18,31

•	30		Kore
J 2.	.As	~	
- 3	45		TEOD
6	46 Chik	hen's Proj	الأستوال
-	36 Child	ben's Pros	
	59 Chik		
1.2	:15	Hen a xiol	سسعم
1. 2	.15	rocai Liol	مسعم
- 7:	25	Local Prop	rawm
	#	News in	Arabi
	30	Avall	Serie
	39		
	k15		
11	L: 26	News in	Arabi
_			_
C	Hannel 6		

French Programme News in French

News in Hebrew

News in Arabic

Comedy: Benson 9:10 News in English Variety Show

855	KHz AM & 99 MHz
FM	
7:00	Sign on Morning Show
7:61	Morning Show
7:30	News Balletin Morning Show
7740	Morning Show
19:07	News Headines
18:30 .	Pop Session
11:00	Sign off
12:43	Pop Session
13,00	News Sommary
1343	
1440.	News Bulletin
144	<u>Instrumentals</u>
1430	Country Music
15:00	Concert Hour
16,00	News Summery
16:63	
16:30	Old Favourites
17:00	Inventions and Discoveries
17:30	None Statement
15.00	Name Samuel

Top Twenty

Top Twenty

News Deal

RADIO JORDAN

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1413 KHz

maker, Dr. Hahn has twice before

entertained ambitions of taking

over the Volkswagen chair-

manship. He has spent most of his

business life at V.W. after joining

the company in 1954 as head of

export promotion. But by 1972 his

route to the top appeared to have

Dr. Hahn was a protege of Pro-

affairs for 20 years until his death in 1968. At the beginning of 1959

Professor Nordhoff sent Dr. Hahn

autocratically directed V.W.'s 1970s.

fessor Heinrich Nordhoff, who

been blocked.

94:00 Newsdesk 94:30 The French stere 04:45 Financial News 04:55 Reflections 05:00 World News 24 Hours News Summary 05:30 Divertimento 05:45 The World Today 86:88 Newsdesk 06:30 Sarah and Company 07:00 World News; 24 Hours News mary 07:30 Lord of the Flies 07:45 Network U.K. 68:60 World News; Reflections 60:15 Europa 60:30 Pageant of the Past 99:00 World News; British Press Review 09:15 The World Today 09:30 nancial News 99:40 Look Ahead 89:45 Discovery 10:15 Leave it to Pamith 10:30 Star Choice 11:00 World News; News about Britain World News; News about Britain 11:15 Letter from London 11:25 Scotland this Week 11:30 Sports International 12:00 Radio News-reel 12:15 The Rewards of Music 12:45 Sports Round-up 13:00 World News; 24 Hours News Susmany 13:30 Network U.K. 13:45 A Jolly Good Show 14:30 Michael Strogoff 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Outlook 16:00 World News; Commentary 16:15 Serah and Company 16:45 The World Today 17:80 World News; Meridian 17:40 Scotland This Week 17:45 Sports Round up 18:00 World News; News about Britain 18:15 Radio Newsree! 18:30 Nature Notebook 18:40 Parming World 19:00 Outlook: News Summary 19:39 Stock Market Report 19:43 Look Ahead 19:45 Bar-benshop Style 20:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 20:30 Divertimento 20:45 The Red and the Black 21:15 Three Centuries of Italian Opera 21:45 Short Story

VOICE OF AMERICA

22:00 World News; The World

Today 22:25 Scotland This Week 22:30 Financial News; 22:40

Reflections 22:46 Sports Round up

23:15 Guitar Workshop 23:30

23:00 World News; Commen

03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30 News, Pop music, features, is-leasts' questions. 17:00 News

Roundup: reports, opinion, anal-yses. 17:30 Dateline 18:00 Special English: news, feature "The Mak-ing of a Nation." 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News Roundup; reports opinion, analyses. 19:30 VOA Magazine: Americana, sci-ence, culture, letters. 20:00 Special sh; news 20:15 Music USA (Jazz) 21:00 VOA World Report 22:00 News, Correspondents' reports, background features, media comments, analyses.

AMMAN AIRPORT

NOTE: The following airport arrivals and departures are provided to the Jordan Times by the Alia information department at Amman Air-port, Tel. 92205-6. They should always be verified by phone before the arrival or departure of the flight.

ARRIV	ALS
9:00	Cairo (EA
845 845	Cairo
9:15	Dubai, Abu Dhab
9:30	Jeddah Dhahrar
16-16	Reiru
11:45	Riyadh (SV Kuwait (KAC
15:30	Kuwan (KAC
17:45	London, Pari
17:45	New York, Amsterdar
17:45 .	Madrid, Tuni Rome (Alitalia
18-50 .	Copenhagen, Athens (SK
19:00	Amsterdam, Athens (KLM
19:39 .	Rome Beirut (MEA
29:30 .	
25:39	Frankfar
2045 . 44-44	Damasco Baghda
82:00	Baghdad

DEPARTURES:

645	Be
. 7:00	
7;40	Demascus, Paris
'7 :45	To
	London (
240	Beirut, Athens (K
-	
9-45	Beirst (M
	P

Athens, Copenhager Riyadh (SV) rait (KAC) 16:30 18-30 Abu Dhabi . Kewait 19:15 Dhahra: .. Jeddah 19:30 **20:**15 Baghdad Bangkok Baghdad 21:15

DOCTORS:

Caro (EA)	Anistan;
	Nairoukh .
Agaba	Umar
Aqaba bai, Abu Dhabi	Halah
Jeddah	Al-Wafa'
Dhahran	
Beirut	Amjad
Riyadh (SV)	_
Riyaus (3 v)	Zergs:
Kuwait (KAC)	Al-Ra'fab .
Tripoli	
London, Paris	Irbid:
ork, Amsterdam	irbid: Falaștin
Madrid, Tunis	
Rome (Alitalia)	TAXES:
en, Athens (SK)	IAABS: ,
, Athens (KLM)	Fires
'Vinder (Vr.v.)	Al-Urdon
Rome	. Basman
. Beirut (MEA)	Miliyar
Prankfurt (LH)	Al-Sabah .
Frankfurt	· manager ·
Damascus	
Dorbard	CULTU
Baghdad	
Baghdad	
-	American (
	British Cou

Beirut
Damascus, Paris (AF)
Loadon (BA)
Beirut, Athens (KLM)
Beirut (MEA)
Romé

EMERGENCIES

Zein Zaghloul 38591 Saeed Rasheed 73589/68344
Zarga:
rhid:
HARMACIES:
Vairoukh
N-Wafa'(—)
/arqa: \l-Ra'fab(—)
rbid:

IRAL CENTRES

23427

•	
American Centre	41520
British Council	
French Cultural Centre	
Goethe Institute	41993
Soviet Cultural Centre	
Spanish Cultural Centre	24949
Turkish Cultural Centre	39777
Haya Arts Centre	65195
Al Hassein Youth City	
Y.W.C.A	
Y.W.M.A	
Amman Municipal Library	
University of Jordan I	LIDITATY

SERVICE CLUBS

Liens Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wed-nesday at the Grand Palace Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Linus Azaman Club. Meetings

every first and third Wednesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Rotary Club. Meetings every

Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Falladelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m.

PRAYER TIMES

Fair	4:5
FajrSunrise	6:2:
Dhuir	11:2
'Asr	2:1:
Maghreb	4:30
'Isha	5:5

CHURCHES Church of the Augunciation

(Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweib-deh 37449 St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabel Amman 24590 De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabel Hussein 66428 Church of the Augunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali 23541 Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman 23525 Armenian Orthodox Church Ashrafieh 75261 Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafich 71331

MUSEUMS

tary Museum: Collection of military memorabilis dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9. a.m. 4 p.m., Sunday to Friday. Closed on Saturdays. Tel. 64248. Folklore Massum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mossics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Yearround. Tel. 51760 ier Life of Jerten Mi

100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical

instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169

Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the

antiquities of Jordan, Jabal Al

Sandi riyal Lebanese pound Syrian pound Iraqi dinar Kuwaiti dinar Egyptian pound .

Qatari riyal ..

Jordan Television

Radio Jordan

EXCHANGE RATES

UAE dirham

74111

72.9/73.4.	Omani riyal 97
57/57.3	U.S. dollar 334
630 <i>/</i> 637.5	U.K. sterling 64
1196.3/1206	W. German mark 150
344.6/351.6	Swiss franc
92.1/92.6	Italian lire

U.S. dollar	. 334.5/336.5
U.K. sterling	
W. German mark	. 150.2/151.1
Swiss franc	. 186.7/187.8
Italian lire	44

USEFUL TELEPHONE

NUMBERS

91.3/91.7

hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00

a.m. - 4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tues-

Jordan National Gallery: Contains

a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary

LOCAL

Ambulance (government)
Civil Defence rescue
Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency) 36381-2
Municipal water service (emergency)
Police headquarters
Najdeh roving patrol rescue police, (English spoken)
24 hours a day for emergency
Airport information (ALIA) 92205/92206
T

22090 Cablegram or telegram Information Jordan and Middle East trunk calls Overseas radio and satellite calls 17 Telephone maintenance and repair service 11

(for every 100)

French franc ...

Swedish crown

Belgian franc

MARKET PRICES

Tomatoes 450	250	Apples (Golden) 240	200
Eggplant	140	Apples (Double Red) 260	200
Potatoes (imported)	130	Apples (Starken)	200
Marrow (small)	200	Lemons 140	100
Marrow (large) 180	120	,Oranges (Abu surra)230	180
Cucumber (smell)	220	Oranges (Shamouti)	120
Cacamber (large)200	150	Oranges (local) 110	80
Hot Green Pepper	140	Oranges (French) 150	120
Sweet Pepper 180	140	Cauliflowers 280	230
Cabbage 190	150	Tangerine200	150
Onions (dry) 100	70	Bomali	140
Green onions	200	Carrot (yellow) 130	100
Gartic 550	450	Carrot (black) 180	140
Spinach	200	Turnips 160	120
Cocoaux (piece) 400	350	Chestnut 580	520
Beans 320	250	Grapefrait 100	7-
Benanas	200	Beet 150	100
'Benenas (Mukammar) 225	180	Peas 270	230

Tennis Talk



Don't start too young

By Maureen Stalla

I am frequently asked when is the ideal age for children to start playing tennis. Contrary to what many eager parents think, the sooner the better' does not apply in this case.

Tennis requires sophisticated motor skills. That is, the player must have acquired reasonable hand-eye coordination before he walks onto a tennis court. He is ready for tennis lessons if he can throw a ball from the baseline over the net, if he can catch a ball which is thrown to him, and if he can step and toss a ball to a .certain target. Most ten-year-old children have developed muscle tone and coordination to begin tennis and progress at a steady rate. Naturally there are exceptions, but they are rarer than many

On those rare occasions when I have one or two six or seven year olds, I first limit the time to fifteen or twenty minutes. The attention span and arm muscles rarely last longer than that. And at this age, my most important job is to make tennis fun so they will still want to play when they are fifteen. The children learn to bounce the ball with the racket ('downs') and bounce it on the strings into the air ('ups').

This develops arm strength and eye-hand coordination. Then I spend the time teaching them to two-handed backhand, emphasizing the step. Those skills are enough until they are nine or ten. I teach the backhand first because:

1) It is a natural stroke; most children do it right from the start. 2) They will not grow up with a backhand complex which plaques many adults, and;
3) They develop a sense of weight transfer and footwork which

is applied to the other strokes.

Another pitfall to starting too early is that by age thirteen, a child may have played termis for seven years and be "burned out". The best adult players followed a general pattern: They were sports oriented at an early age. From ages six to fourteen they excelled in many sports including termis. At the relatively late age of fourteen or lifteen the child decided to focus entirely on tennis and worked intensively to achieve his peak in his twenties.

Tennis is a great sport for girls. It fits social standards as being a lady-like sport for girls of all ages where football and basketball are usually left behind with childhood. But it is the girls who have run and jumped and played ball who are going to be able to master the difficult game of tennis.

In most cases, if you take two identical six year olds and start one in teams and have the other play sports such as football, basketball, baseball, volleyball, and finally start him enthusiastically in tennis at age ten, by age twelve they will probably play

SALE artek FURNITURE Offers a special 25% discount

FRENCH & DANISH sofa sets Starting from today till the end of the year

Don't miss the opportunity! Wadi Saqra Street, Tel. 61421

to the finals

KUWAIT, Dec. 7 (R) - Kuwait earned a place in the World Cup finals in Spain next year when they bear Saudi Arabia 2-0 (halftime 1-0) in their Asia-Occania zone

qualifying tie today.

The Kuwaitis, coached by Carlos Alberto of Brazil, began briskly and looked capable of taking an early lead, but they missed several chances in front of goal.

Al-Dakheel put them ahead in the 36th minute after taking a pass from captain Saad Al Houti. His second goal came after 56 minutes, headed home from a corner taken by Abdel Aziz Al

Saudi Arabia were never in the match with a real chance. The

game became rough at times and German referee Jan Rudolf booked six players.

With Kuwait's qualification for the World Soccer Cup finals in Spain next year, only one place remains to be filled in the 24nation competition.

The vacant spot will go either to China or New Zealand.

Qualifiers: Spain (hosts), Argentina (holders), Brazil, Chile, Peru, Austria, Belgium, France, Czechoslovakia, England, Hungary, Italy, Northern Ireland, Poland, Scotland, Soviet Union, West Germany, Yugoslavia, El Salvador, Honduras, Algeria, Cameroun, Kuwait, China or New

Heavy snow cancels ski meet

VAL D'ISERE, France, Dec. 7 (A.P.) — World Cup ski officials today cancelled the last two scheduled events of "first snow" tournament because of too much

Two women's downhill races, set for tomorrow and Wednesday, were scratched because of heavy snow and predicting more to come during the rest of the week. A lack of snow earlier cancelled one of the men's giant slalom races.

Officials said the men's giant slalom would be rescheduled for another meet, but the two women's downhills might simply be cancelled, leaving the women with seven instead of nine downhill races this season. The "first snow" tournament is

the traditional beginning of the World Cup ski season. Only two of the five scheduled races were run. Yesterday, Austria's Franz

Klammer won the men's downhill, and on Friday West Germany's Irene Epple won the women's giant slalom.

Kuwait makes it Wales cancels rugby tour of South Africa

The Weish Rugby Union today cancelled a tour of South Africa in a bid to save the Commonwealth

The controversial tour, bitterly opposed by the black African countries in the Commonwealth. had been scheduled for next May. The Commonwealth Games are in Brisbane in October.

Ray Williams, secretary of the Welsh Rugby Union, said: "With reluctance and much regret, we have decided the tour would be inadvisable at this time."

The Welsh Union is believed to have informed the South African Rugby Board of its decision before the weekend, but delayed the public announcement.

The decision was taken after government intervention. Michael Roberts, Under-Secretary of State for Wales, had pleaded with the Welsh Union to call off the trip because, he said, it would be a contravention of the Gleneagles agreement drawn up by Com-

CADIFF, Wales, Dec. 7 (A.P.) — monwealth heads of government to discourage sporting links with South Africa. The Welsh decision was a blow to South African international rugby arena. This year South Africa toured New Zealand, and played a series of matches amid violent antiapartheid demonstrations. The South African team also played three games in the United States and that also caused controversy.

The black African countries

have hinted at a boycott of the Commonwealth Games in protest against Commonwealth sporting links with South Africa. A Welsh tour, coming a few months before the games in Brisbane, could be

explosive.
In Cape Town Dr. Danie Craven, president of the South African Rugby Board, said the Welsh decision was "a great shock and disappointment."

He added: "The South African Rugby Board accepts that they have their reasons for the deci-

Australia-Pakistan one-day cricket match postponed

SYDNEY, Dec. 7 (A.P.) - The Pakistan-Australia day-night cricket match at the Sydney Cricket Ground tomorrow was postponed tonight because of the state's power workers' strike.

TO LET

A beautifully-furnished apartment, three bedrooms,

TV room, spacious sitting room, grand dining room,

fully modern built-in kitchen, utility room (washing

machine and dryer), built-in cupboards, separate cen-

The New South Wales government extended existing power restrictions, banning lighting for sports fixtures.

The new moves came in the fake of a growing threat of power blackouts on the eve of a meeting by striking power industry workers in the Hunter Valley.

The ban on the towering SCG floodlights appeared to take Australian Cricket Board (ACB) officials by surprise. ACB executive director David Richards said the cricket match would be postponed "indefinitely."

Mr. Richards said the ban on the lights came only hours after the ACB was assured they could be used.

"After urgent consideration, it was reluctantly decided that the public could not be given sufficient notice in the event that the match was rescheduled to a 10:00 AEDT start," he said.

He said the board had "no option" but to postpone. "The board will now consider whether the match can be played at a later date this weeks Richards said.

It is understood both the Australian and Pakistan teams have agreed to an 10.00 AEDT start tomorrow but would not agree to transferring the match to Wednesday.

They both said it would then be too close to the third test between the countries starting at the Melbourne Cricket Ground on Friday.

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN ৈ 1961 by Chicago Tribune

Both vulnerable. North

deals. NORTH **♦ A K 4** ♥ **Q** 8 2 ♦ K 10 +Q9642 EAST WEST **+ 109852** +Q36 ♥J1076 ♥ Void 0 J8765 ◇ A93 + K 107 **+** A85 SOUTH

♥ AK9543 ♦ Q42 4 13 The bidding:

North East South West Pass 1 ♥ Pass 2 🗢 Pass 4 ♥ Pass Pass Pass Opening lead: Ten of .

There is a fascination about ruffing a loser with a low trump that many find hard to resist. But that seemingly useless trump might be needed for more important purposes.

North-South bid smoothly to an excellent game. Note North's raise with only three trumps. We prefer that action on three trumps to an honor and a ruffing value to the less descriptive, and less encouraging, rebid of one no trump.

West led the ten of spades, and declarer thought that his only problem was to hold his diamond losers to one. Since a diamond could be ruffed in dummy, declarer gave the

hand little thought. He wen the king of spades in domay and led the king of diamonds East took the ace and return ed a spade. Declarer won on the table, led a diamond to his queen and ruffed a dia mond. Then he cashed the queen of hearts, but when West showed out declarer realized that he would have to lose a trump trick as well as two clubs. Down one.

Declarer was most unlucky to run into a 4-0 trump division, but even that could have been overcome with correct technique. After winning the first spade, declarer should cash dummy's queen of trumps. If both defenders follow, declarer knows that the trumps can be no worse than 3-1, so he can afford ta ruff a diamond on the board. But when West fails to

follow to the first trump, declarer needs all of dummy's trumps to pick ap East's trumps. Therefore, be cannot afford to ruff a diamond, for that would leave dummy one trump short for declarer's primary goal. Another method would have to be found to avoid the diamond loser.

The winning line is for declarer to continue with a low heart from dummy at trick three. East must split his bonors. Declarer wins in hand, reenters dummy with the remaining high spade and leads dummy's last heart. drawing East's trumps with the help of the proven finesse. Now all that remains is to lead a low diamond to dummy's ten and pray. When that forces the ace declarer is

À NATIONALIST

CHINESE TRADE GROUP will arrive in Jordan to hold a Taiwan products display on Tuesday, Dec. 8, at the Jordan Intercontinental Hotel in Amman.

The group arrives in Amman for a three-day visit on Dec. 8 Tuesday, Dec. 8th, they will hold a Taiwan Products Display at the Intercontinental Hotel, Jabal Amman, from 3-8

Displayed samples include:

All kinds of garments; all kind of bags, attache cases and beauty cases; all kind of footwear and socks; computer dialer; push button telephone key PAD/W/40 memo; wireless telephone; flexible hose, plastic water hose and air hose; air compressor; automatic emergency light, rechargeable flashlight and multiple purpose light; insect trapping lamp; running light, mini floral running light, controller; jewellery; rosaries, semi-precious stones, Taiwan jade, agate & coral products; office chairs; baby products, children bicycle and toys.

The group, representing the biggest and most important business concerns in Taiwan, will be happy to receive Jordanian importers and merchants during their three-day stay in Amman.

For appointments please contact telephone 41530 in the

WELCOME barber shop Tel 60000/163 Where the renowned coiffure will treat your hair to the best style, in addition to manicure and pedicure. open from 9 a.m. - 9 p.m.

tral heating, central TV/FM antenna. Telephone available within 1-2 months. Location: Jubaiha, behind University of Jordan. Please call 25684 between 4-6 p.m. OPENING SOON **JAPANESE**

FURNISHED FLATS FOR RENT

Two-bedroom, fully furnished flats, with balconies, colour TV, fridge, stove, carpeting, utensils and central heating. Near Fifth Circle.

Tel. 43768

Guardian Assurance Company Limited FOR SALE: INSURANCE

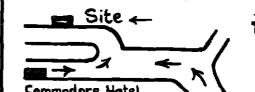
RESTAURANT

SALVAGE 1978 model Mini 1000. duty free JD 250, o.n.o.

Apply to: Mr. A.T. Bradfield, Tel. 36385 or 38380/9.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS **FOR RENT**

Location: Shmeisani, near the Commodore Hotel. Two-bedroom and one-bedroom flats available, with salon, dining room and telephone. Furniture is deluxe.



Tei. 66857 63497

University Bookshop announces the opening of its new branch

Hallmark SHOP

Where you will find the best collection in town of all occasion greeting cards and gifts.

Hallmark Shop, Jabal Luweibdeh, opposite University Bookshop,

Tel: 36339.

Fallmark When You Gare Enough to Send the Very Best

FOR RENT

A furnished deluxe apartment consisting of two bedrooms, salon, dining room and aluminium veranda which can be used as a sitting room or storage room. Centrally heated, with colour television and telephone.

Location: Al Hussein Housing Estate, (Dhahiat Al Hussein) building No. 5C (five-geem). Apartment No. 15, (third floor). Can be let on armual basis

Please call tel. 62805.

A TOUCH OF LUXURY FURNISHED FLATS AND **APARTMENTS FOR RENT**

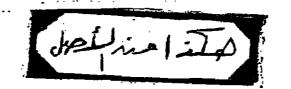
A whole building consisting of eight flats. Two and three bedrooms, all with Italian deluxe furniture and wall-to-wall carpeting.

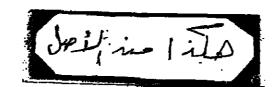
Living room, dining room and sitting room sets, fully equipped modern kitchen.

Two large bathrooms, two balconies, independent central heating, colour TV, radio, telephone, baby cots, garden for outdoor living, playground for children, elevator, private parking, water reservoir, cleaning and valet services, with many additional facilities.

For more inquiries, call: Tarek Aboudi Tel. 811447 a.m. Tel. 39158 p.m.







FEATURES

EN Sohn Reed: theme for Soviet and U.S. film

By David Minthorn

OSCOW - The short, stormy life of writer John Reed, an merican buried as a hero on red square, is coming to the screen Soviet and U.S. films.

Franco Nero stars in the Soviet version of Reed's adventures in : Russian and Mexican revolutions. Warren Beatty is the procer and star of the American version.

Beatty's film, Reds follows Reed and his feminist wife Louise vant (played by Diane Keaton) through Greenwich Village in w York, World War one in Europe and the 1917 Russian evolution. The three-hour and 15-minute movie opens this ek in the United States.

The three-part Soviet production, directed by Szrgei Bon-nchuk and set for release next year, was filmed on location in ningrad, Moscow and Mexico.

"I'm sure Warren asked to film here, too, but they turned him wn," said American actress Sydne Rome, who plays Miss Brynt in the Soviet version.

Reed is lionised by the Soviet government for his eyewitness ok about the Bolshevik uprising in Petrograd (now Leningrad). en Days That Shook The World includes a dramatic chapr on the storming of the Winter Palace by the Red Guards. "The Russians regard Reed as their own hero, and Bondarchuk s wanted to film his life for a long time," Miss Rome said in an

The John Reed story is perfect for a romance, and Warren is rying him as a romantic hero. The Russian film will be more of a cumentary," she said.

A native of Portland, Oregon and graduate of Harvard University, Reed went to Russia to cover the revolution after stints as a war correspondent in Eastern Europe and Mexico.

He was befriended by Vladimir I. Lenin after the Bolsheviks seized power and worked as a propagandist for the new com-

Reed died of typhus in 1920 in Moscow shortly before his 33rd birthday. He was buried at the foot of the Kremlin in Wall on Red Square, an honor reserved for communist heroes

At least one other American, labour leader Bill Haywood who died in Moscow in 1928, is also buried along the wall.

Reed's writings are studied by Soviet children, some Soviet streets have been named in his honor and he is prominently mentioned in museums about the revolution.

"History has connected for all time the name of the American John Reed with the October revolution and Lenin," the Journal of the Soviet Party Central Committee said in a 1978 eulogy, praising him as "A heroic fighter in the Leninst guard of the.

A journalist who sided with leftist causes from his early days as a reporter in New York, Reed developed a clear, direct style which used the techniques of fiction for vivid descriptive reports.

"In the struggle my sympathies were not neutral," Reed wrote of his famous account of the October revolution. "But in telling the story of those great days I have tried to see events with the eye of a conscientious reporter, interested in setting down the truth."

The first film in the Soviet series, Mexico in Flames, depicts Reed's four-month stint in 1913-14 covering the Mexican civil war and meeting revolutionary figures such as Pancho Villa. Mexican and Italian film crews worked on location with the Soviets.

Political as well as commercial considerations figured in the decision to make the Soviet films.

"The main objective in the decision to film John Reed's book is to define the advance of the revolutionary movement of the

masses,' Bondarchuk told the newspaper Sovietsky Kultura. Nero draws on his experience as a star of Italian Spaghetti Westerns when he played a battlefield scene on horseback in

Reed is depicted as throwing a hand grenade in the revolutionary cause in one scene.

Reed's onetime mistress, Mabel Dodge, is played by Swiss actress Ursula Andress, who appears nude in one scene. "John, this bed is like the centre of the universe," she says. "sometimes you stifle me," he replies.

Soviet film sources said the nude scene is for foreign audiences and will be cut from the version of the film shown in the Soviet

Union, where explicit sex is rarely show in movies.

The second and third films, October and I Saw The New World Born, are still in production at Mosfilm Studio, with sequences in Greenwich Village and Provincetown, Massachusetts being filmed on the Moscow sets. October recreates the Bolshevik attack on the Winter Palace

to topple the provisional government that replaced Czar Nicholas II. About 10,000 extras were used in the crowd scene that took a week to film. Miss Rome said there is no nudity in the second and third parts

of the series, at least for her. "It was pretty cold in Russia in those days and they never took their clothes off," she joked.

- Associated Press

ppy birthday Daddy Probyn

By Bernd Debusmann

21.

4:3

YA — "You know," said ly Probyn, "flying is really than driving a car. We are ilking about a great accom-

noticed his visitor's astonant and his eyes twinkled with ement under bushy white i. "On the road, safety is a matter of a foot or even a iches. In the air, you have a

ne letter to each square, to form

our ordinary words.

RIBAN

DEDAHN

YOLDUC

Answer here:

en unde

أأنف والمارين

3 4³2 175

74.7

Daddy Probyn should know. He has been flying for 65 years, ever since he was issued his first pilot's licence on April 1, 1916. Now, in his 90th year (birthday Dec.8, 1981), he still takes off regularly from a grass airstrip near here in

now," he said on the verandah of his house, the snow-clad flanks of Mount Kenya glistening in the sun. "I just take off, pick up the

WHAT SHE DID EVERY TIME HE

TRIED TO GO TOO FAR.

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-

(Answers tomorrow)

ed by the above cartoon.

Jumbies: TOPAZ FILMY OUTLAW DEFINE

Answer: "I'm not rude-or am I?"-"I'M-POLITE"

an aircraft he built himself. "I fly only once or twice a week

based chiefly on luck. As far as anyone knows, Daddy JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee

thermals, and look at the scenery. as the Guinness Book of Records, Nothing fancy. Daddy Probyn, less commonly

known as Royal Air Force Air Commodore Harold Probyn, was speaking shortly before his 90th birthday and celebrations including a flypast by Kenyan Air Force F-5 fighters and a parachute dis-

For Daddy Probyn is not a run-of-the-mill old age pensioner, despite protests that his long, distinguished career in aviation was

Probyn is the world's oldest active pilot, holding a valid private pilot's licence subject to the rigorous twice-yearly medical checkup international air transport regulations prescribe for fliers over the age of 45.

list older men who have taken the controls of aircraft -- but all of them were accompanied by an instructor or second pilot. "I fly solo," he said. "My aircraft has only one set."

He built it 11 years ago, at the age of 79. "It was the last of a number of aircraft I built. It is a French design, called Yodel-9, and I made it with the help of my African driver. It started as a big hulk of timber."

A frail-looking, tiny machine powered by a Volkswagen engine, Daddy Probyn's aircraft is parked at the airstrip of Mgwiga, about eight kilometres from Nyeri in the forests of the Aberdare highlands where he settled in 1947.

He came to Kenya on retirement from a career in the Royal Catalogues of superlatives, such Air Force which earned him a Dis-

tinguished Service Order (DSO), one of Britain's highest military medals, and a reputation as a man slightly larger than life.

His service in World War One included flying as an artillery spotter over the battlefields of France, where vast armies faced each other from trenches often only a few metres apart.

"I was shot down perhaps four or five times, mostly by hostile aircraft. Fokkers, that sort of thing." In one aerial battle over the trenches, a burst of machinegun fire from a German plane ripped through his radio and one bullet hit him in the back. "I got a fortnight's leave out of

it. The bullet only hit a rib. Nothing much to fuss about," he recalls. But his most outstanding action

in World War One took place off the coast of England rather than in France. "I returned to England in 1917 and was engaged in flying instruction and anti-submarine spotting. One day, I was flying off the cornish coast looking for sub-

just been sunk. I dived on the periscope, until the sub went away. They didn't know, of course, that I had no bombs."

Aviation was still in its infancy then. Just 14 years before, in Dec. 1903, Orville and Wilbur Wright tossed a coin for the honour of testing their newly-completed aircraft. Wilbur won, and the plane plowed into the sand at the end of the landing rail.

NEEDED

Efficient typist, full time employment at Jabal Amman.

Contact tel. 44251 for interview

Amman Marriott Hotel

AMMAN MARRIOTT HOTEL

is offering the following positions for Arab Nationals only:

COOKS WAITERS BARTENDERS **ASSIST. COOKS** STOREROOM ATTENDANTS

For further information please call Personel Office Tel. 60100 ext. 2045-8

عمان ماريوت

CHRISTMAS NEW YEAR



Package tours to:

To start a successful vacation you should have a successful travel agent Telephone 38787 has the answer

CYPRUS

GOLDEN WINGS TRAVEL & TOURISM CORP.

General Sales Agent CYPRUS AIRWAYS King Hussein St; opposite Ministry of Finance, P.O. B. 20193 Tlx 22220 JO

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY, DEC. 8, 1981

YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: The early part of the day finds you tied down to uncovering some perplexing conditions from which you can gain many benefits in the future. Plan the future wisely. ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Keep rooted to present

routines and avoid trying to find new outlets for best results at this time. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Keep promises made and

gain the respect of others. Avoid spending money on the the new and untried. Be logical. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Don't come to any agree-

ment in the morning if there is the slightest bit of doubt. Strive for increased happiness. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Make sure you

study well any responsibilities you want to assume in the future. Know where you are headed. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Study your financial status

well and don't go overboard on matters of amusements. Work is the key to success now. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Study what your personal, desires are and steer clear of a negative-thinking family

tie who could spoil things for you. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Forget the frivolous for now and spend more time on matters that could give you

more security in the future. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Make sure you follow through with promises made to others and gain their goodwill. Attend a social affair tonight.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Listening and following the edicts of influential persons is wise today and you get ahead faster. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) You have new and

practical plans that could give you more benefits in the future, so stop wasting precious time. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Postpone meetings with friends and get busy meeting important business

commitments. Relax at home tonight. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Take extra steps and be of more assistance to associates for mutual gain. Fine day for communicating with outsiders.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will be one of those clever young persons with much organizational ability and should be given a chance to express this quality early in life. Teach not to be critical of others. Sports are fine for teaching fair play.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

THE Daily Crossword By Ruth N. Schultz

ACROSS 1 Do sums 4 Modish 8 Graham of

football 12 Prohibits 14 Amount sufficient

for a bribe 15 Ollie's triend 16 Robt. --

one's image 19 Supplant

21 Bridge win 22 Follow reientlessly 23 Changes chemically

43 Hasten 44 Takes a breather

46 Comes apart 48 Relinquishes

artist

30 Have faith

writings

36 Like

38 Box

39 Plagues

41 Anglo-Sax

Benedict

Yesterday's Puzzie Solved:

24 Supple 26 Carried 51 Golfer Lee 24 Fledgling 27 Long time 28 French

52 Journey sound 25 Theater break 55 Confronting section 26 Seats for 58 Czar's name judges 59 Lamb-like? 29 Blasts of

60 Dismounted wind Cataclysms USA: abbr. 32 Go to sea 62 Places 33 — blen! 63 Understand 35 Taking long

37 Satiric

47 Stringed

49 Northern

50 Indian

instrument

Make rugs

highway

wheat

plants

1 Tucked in drawing 2 Salvador 40 Dice roll 42 Waterproof the artist canvas, 4 Fissure for short 45 Suiting materials 5 Place

with action 6 Here: Fr. 8 Police

DOWN

9 Treatise 10 Shifts 11 "The -- | Love" 13 Dividing 14 Praver

52 Barbecue membran 53 Adams of song 54 Network of nerves 55 Flipper 56 Rubber tree 18 Gift of a kind 20 Territory

© 1981 by Chicago Tribune-N.Y. News Synd. Inc. All Rights Reserved









nately, he doesn't have a WORK plan."

STATE OF THE A eanuts

iaturday's

























S. Africa claims SWAPO H.O. wiped out

JOHANNESBURG, Dec. 7 (Agencies) - The South African Army said today it wiped out the central military headquarters of the South West Africa People's Organisation (SWAPO) in a new attack deep inside Angola.

The latest raid on black nationalist guerrillas was believed to be South Africa's deepest penetration across the border with Namibia (South West Africa) since the Angolan civil war in 1975. It was launched on Nov. I and lasted 20 days, the army said.

The army said the destroyed command headquarters was at Chitequeta, in the south western province of Cunene, 240 kilometres north of the Namibian border.

It said 71 SWAPO guerrillas, who have been waging a 15-year bush war against South Africa's rule of Namibia from bases inside Angola, were killed or captured in the latest action.

Indian fire deaths reach 60

NEW DELHI, Dec. 7 (R) - Sixty peopie are now known to have died in a fire which gutted, a large wood and canvas model of the Himalayes last night, the Press Trust of India (PTI) reported today.

The plaze raced through the 20-metre-high (65 foot) exhibit in the western Indian town of Ahmedabad. About 100 people were on the model when it burst into flames and the structure was

gutted in minutes. It was the second major tragedy in India in three days. On Friday, 45 people, mainly children, were crushed to death in a panic on the narrow staircase of an ancient tower on Delhi's outskirts after the lights went out.

Four South African soldiers also died in the raid, codenamed 'Operation Daisy."

In September the South African Army ended a major 13-day operation inside Angola in which they said about 1,000 SWAPO guerrillas and Angolan troops were killed.

Several South African journalists were taken on the latest incursion into Angola. They said the army's first target was londe, a former Portuguese outpost 120 kilometres across the border where there was a landing strip.

South African troops took londe without much resistance and set up a temporary headquarters there, the reports said.

On the night of Nov. 4, transport planes packed with South African paratroopers took off in support of mechanised ground forces. Mirage jets and other planes were also used in the operation, they said.

A defence force spokesman said the attack was aimed at disrupting SWAPO's logistic planning and scattering its forces. He said all personnel had returned to the Namibian side of the border.

There was no immediate explanation why the South Africans had delayed news of the raid for 17

The South African command had feared the Angolan military might intervene, using Sovietbuilt MiG 21s flown by Cuban or East German pilots, the spokes-man said. But he added, "There was a lot of Angolan Air Force activity during the operation as MiGs took off from Menongue, but they never showed aggressive

How Soviet weapons get exotic codenames

Soviet arms negotiators talk about els, was first deployed 22 years name called from a rich weapons vocabulary coined by U.S. intelligence.

The Soviet Union, keen to preserve its military secrets, may have its own name for the triplewarhead rockets ranged against Western Europe, but it has never been made public.

To help identification, U.S. specialists have given their own sometimes exotic - names to most Soviet weapons.

Soviet officials have never challenged the U.S. type lists, and often quote them without embarrassment when negotiating.

The U.S.-Soviet talks in Geneva on limiting Europeanbased nuclear missiles will be loaded with references to SS-20s, SS-4s and SS-5s, so named because they are surfaceto-surface weapons.

The numbers date them from the time they were first spotted by American reconnaissance satel-

GENEVA, Dec. 7 (R) — When The SS-4, one of the older mod-The SS-12, also known as Scaleboard by the U.S. and NATO, is now being replaced by the advanced SS-22.

Other types christened by U.S. analysts include Backfire for Moscow's long-range bomber, and midrange aircraft known only by their American names -- Badgers, Blinders, and Fencers.

While Sandais (another name for SS-4s) and Skeans (SS-5s) are being discussed in Geneva, Soviet missile-carrying planes listed as Floggers, Fitters and Fishbeds are unlikely to be included because they fall below the medium-range category.

Other Soviet weapons in the U.S. lexicon are helicoptercarried Sagger and Swatter missiles, a cargo jet transport known as Candid, and submarines irreverently slotted into what the U.S.

Navy calls the Yankee class. The Soviet Air Force carries intercontinental missiles aboard Bear and Bison bombers, and flies a supersonic reconnaissance plane called the Foxbat.



Malaysian royal couple visit Kuwait

The Amir of Kuwait, Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah, receive the Malaysian king and queen at the Kuwait airport Monday. (A.P. Wirephoto)

Spanish military chiefs rap manifesto

By James Minra MADRID, Dec. 7 (R) — Spanish military authorities today condemned a manifesto signed by army officers stationed here as unconstitutional and a flagrant breach of army regulations, according to a report from the national news agency EFE.

Khmer Rouge dissolve party apparatus

BANGKOK, Dec. 7 (R) - The Khmer Rouge, ousted from power in Kampuchea by a Vietnamese invasion in 1979, announced today they had dissolved their Communist Party.

The central committee took the decision at a four-day meeting in September, according to a broadcast by the Khmer Rouge clandestine Voice of Democratic Kampuchea Radio.

Earlier this year when the proposal to abandon the party first surfaced diplomats said that it was apparently designed to overcome opposition to the Khmer Rouge's bloodthirsty reputation.

The central committee statement today said the Khmer Rouge's U.N.-recognised govexnment of Democratic Kampuchea and its army must remain paramount until all Vietnamese forces had been eliminated from Kampuchean soil.

According to the radio, the Khmer Rouge began consultations among their officials and members on dissolving the party as long ago as December 1979. It was formed in 1960.

Foreign visitors to Phnom Penh say the bulk of the population appears to tolerate the Vietnamese occupation, largely because vivid memories remain of the hardships and killings under the Khmer Rouge's revolutionary

The formal announcement of the party's dissolution comes at a key time when the association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) is attempting to help finalise a coalition of the Khmer Rouge and the two main non-Communist Kampuchean resis-

The condemnation was carried in a text prepared by the joint chiefs of staff for release today in barracks throughout the country, the agency said.

The manifesto, published yesterday by 100 junior and non-commissioned officers, criticised government and press treatment of the armed forces.

The signed declaration, the latest mark of growing discontent among junior army officers, attacked political interference in military matters and expressed apparent sympathy for the leaders of an unsuccessful military coup last February. Its release coincided with nationwide celebrations of the 1978 democratic constitution which replaced the Franco dictatorship.

The chiefs of staff attacked the manifesto for "statements that reveal an absolute lack of identity with constitutional principles and with the mission assigned to the armed forces in Article Eight of the constitution," according to

The generals said that while certain press coverage of military matters had worried the military leadership, the manifesto was an act of indiscipline that affected the confidence and loyalty owed to senior commanding officers and also the unity of the armed forces.

The chiefs of staff said the matter was now in the hands of an investigating military judge who would determine responsibilities and apply the necessary sanctions.

Yesterday the defence ministry announced that all the signatories of the manifesto had been placed under preventive house arrest for 14 days under discretionary powers embodied in the military code. Prime Minister Leopoldo Calvo

Sotelo said on Friday he did not believe there was a risk of a coup detat and called on the national media to help dispel the "obsessive shadow" of last February's attempted putsch.

But despite blanket press coverage of yesterday's constitution day festivities, the first public celebration of the anniversary, political party calls for citizens to "show the flag" received only lukewarm support in the cap-

The Chinese model, a student at

the Peking National Dance

Academy posed in front of Pek-

ing's Temple of Heaven park

wearing a long traditional dress with a vermilion floral pattern.

There is no sign of a slit up the

side, a style regarded as decadent

by China's conservative arbiters of

Peking objects to JAL's Chinese calendar model

TOKYO, Dec. 7 (A.P.) — Japan Air Lines has been forced to remake about 400,000 calendars for next year because Chinese authorities have objected to Miss February, a demure Peking dance student posing in traditional Chinese dress. Geoffrey Tudor, spokesman for

Japan's flag carrier, said the Chinese gave no reason for demanding the withdrawal late last month of the picture from JAL's popular "Women of the World" calendar

"The picture is not sexy -- she's a well-dressed, good looking, modern Chinese Miss," he said. He said some calendars with the photo already had been distributed to travel agencies and other companies in Japan when the objections were raised. The

calendars were then recalled and

the whole lot rebound with a

Japanese model in the February

Displays of provocative femininity have long been condemned by Chinese authorities as sexual exploitation. JAL has been printing its women of the world" calendars. picturing women of various nations in native costume, for about 10 years, but the 1982

Chinese model. Some 65,000 Japanese visited China in 1980, with many travelling on JAL package tours, and the picture was included as part of JAL's campaign to encourage more people to visit China.

calendar was the first to include a

Pretoria probes further into coup VICTORIA, Seychelles, Dec. 7 (R) — American warships have Socialist government of President Albert Rene had made it obligatory for foreign governments to been effectively barred from this declare whether naval vessels strategic Indian Ocean planning to anchor here were archipelago because the Pentagon refuses to disclose whether they propelled by nuclear power or car-

are nuclear-powered or armed.

according to Seychelles Foreign

He said in an interview that the

Minister Jacques Hudoul.

Weinberger

leaves Italy

for Brussels

PISA, Italy, Dec. 7 (R) — U.S.

Defence Secretary Caspar Wein-

berger held talks with Italian

Defence Minister Lelio Lagorio

today before leaving for Brussels.
They reviewed U.S.-Italian

defence issues and topics related

to the defence ministers' meeting

of the North Atlantic Treaty

Organisation (NATO) which

opens in Brussels tomorrow, offi-

weekend at NATO's southern

headquarters in Naples after visits

to Morocco and Turkey. He will

conclude his 12-day tour with a

George Rallis

ATHENS, Dec. 7 (A.P.) -

Former premier George Rallis,

whose New Democracy Party was

swept out of power by the Social-

ists in October elections, was

Party's parliamentary group, 61

deputies voted against the 62-

year-old Mr. Rallis, 41 voted in his

favour, eight cast blank ballots

and two ballots were declared

The parliamentary group will

meet again next week to choose a

new party leader. it was

in May 1980 when Constantine

Caramanlis became head of state.

But the party, which had ruled Greece since the restoration of

Democracy in 1974, following a

seven-year military dictatorship,

was trounced in the elections by

the Socialist Party of Andreas

Following the election defeat, a rift which had been smoothed over

in preceding months opened up

between the moderate Mr. Rallis

and Evanghelos Averoff Tositsas

of the party's right wing.

Mr. Rallis took over as premier

invalid, party officials said.

announced.

Papandreou.

In a vote of the Conservative

ousted today as party leader.

loses party

leadership

Mr. Weinberger spent the

cials said.

visit to Britain.

The requirement was introduced in 1978, a year after Mr. Rene came to power in a coup which ousted the Seychelies' first president, James Mancham. Twelve days ago a group of white mercenaries made an abortive attempt to reinstate Mr. Man-

Seychelles bars U.S. warships:

ried nuclear arms.

Western diplomats said no U.S. naval vessel had called in the Seychelles since the regulations were

Poles plan demonstrations for Dec.17

WARSAW, Dec. 7 (R) - Ignoring a new broadside from the goverrment. Solidarity leaders in the Warsaw region have called on workers to turn out for massive street demonstrations on Dec. 17 and promised to organise guards to protect them.

The Warsaw union leaders, announcing protests against the use of force to solve conflicts, also called on other branches of the 10 million strong free trade union to stage public gatherings on the same day at the same time, four

p.m. (1500 GMT). As Warsaw delegates were voting their resolutions, state television broadcast a new denunciation of the union in which a government spokesman accused its leaders of embarking on an open course of opposition against the Communist system.

Spokesman Jerzy Urban said the declaration by the union's regional chiefs in Radom last Friday which threatened a general strike if the government temporarily banned strikes opened up a new stage in the polish crisis.

His statement made no reference to the Warsaw meeting and was therefore out of step with the latest developments on the union front where Solidarity appeared to be piling pressure on the Polishleadership.

The Warsaw delegates' meeting was dominated by anger over the breaking of a cadet firemen's strike last Wednesday when secunity forces stormed an officer training academy.

University and college rectors also held a meeting at the polytechnic yesterday and issued a statement guaranteeing their protection to the cadet firemen if they were called up by the army for special military service.

introduced, while the soviet Union took advantage of it annual quota of visits.

The diplomats said that the U.S. Defence Department had taken decision in principle not to de close whether American washing carried nuclear arms -- despite it fact that such information is lived in several publicly available with ary reference books.

Mr. Hudoul said that before the present government came to power about 30 French warship and slightly fewer American name vessels had called at the port of

Victoria every year.
PRETORIA, Dec. 7. (R) Defence Minister Magnus Malan has appointed a board of inquiry into the possible involvement of South African Defence Fune members in last week's about Seychelles coup.

A Defence Force spokessen said last night the board was appointed on Nov. 30, two days before five men accused of being ringleaders appeared in court on a charge of kidnapping.
A group of 44 mercenaries

mainly South Africans, hijarter an Air India Boeing 707 after a gunfight at Mahe Airport in the Seychelles in Nov. 26 and ordered it to fly to Durban. The group was detained after surrendering and all but five released.

The five on kidnapping charges were given bail. They included veteran mercenary Col. 'Mad Mike' Hoare.

Some of the group, melating one killed in the fighting, have been identified as military reservists liable to be called up for as much as three months' active ser-

Monsoon deaths reach 37 in Thailand

BANGKOK, Dec. 7 (A.P.) -The death toll from a severe storm and flash floods in southern Thailand reached 37 today as public welfare officials were still helping flood-stricken people in several remote areas, an interior ministry spokesman said.

Flood waters began subsiding in some areas as skies cleared, but many provincial railway lines and roads were still impassable, he

There was still no word on six crewmen lost from the capsised 2,000-ton freighter "Thida Thara," en rour to Singapore from Bangkok, when the torrential monsoon struck the gulf of Thai-

There were also fears about the fate of possibility hundreds of Victnamese boat people crossing the Gulf of Thailand from southern Vietnam.

Hardliner Paisley threatens to escalate sectarian violence

By Hugh Carnegy

BELFAST, Dec. 7(R) - A hulking man with a fiery tongue, the Rev. Ian Paisley sees himself as the Protestant bulwark against Catholicism and reunification of Northern Ireland with the Irish Republic.

The silver-haired preacherturned-politician is the man of the hour in the troubled British pro-

vince, boldly attempting to assert his leadership and rally the Protestant population of one million behind his militant brand of puritan politics.

He put his prestige on the line when he called for massive public demonstrations and strikes last month to back up his threat to make the province ungovernable and teach the British government a lesson. The prime object is to try to

force the government to give up its flirtations with the Irish goverament towards some form of political solution that he fears will see the Protestant loyalists abandoned to eventual reunion with the Irish Republic. A secondary motive is to

express outrage at a spate of murders by the outlawed Irish Republican Army (IRA) and force the government "to take the handcuffs off the security forces."

Mr. Paisley feels the 11,000 British troops stationed in the province to help preserve the peace have failed to hold the IRA in check. He has threatened to put his own army of 50,000 men on the streets to protect the Protestants from IRA gunmen.

His customary abrasiveness turned to outright anger when his close friend and fellow member of the British Parliament, the Rev. Robert Bradford, was shot dead by IRA killers on Nov. 16.

Mr. Paisley acknowledges that he too is a likely IRA target and says he is not afraid of death. Nevertheless he takes precautions.

He travels in an armour-plated car and rarely moves without armed bodyguards. Earlier this year, snipers fired at his car as he passed through a Catholic area of Belfast, but no-one was hit.

Last week he claimed that Brit-- The Associated Press to assassinate him because "if they general strike.

could get rid of Ian Paisley they would have a freewheel downling to a united Ireland." British authorities denied my

plot to kill Mr. Paisley. But they admitted being worried that be was stirring up Protestant extremism and polarising the sectation conflict, which has already claimed more than 2,000 lives since violence flared in 1969. While he is a hero to many anx-

of the sectarian divide he is regarded as a dangerous bigot by most of the 600,000 Catholics in Northern Ireland. They see him as more than just a roadblock to their dream of reunification with the

ious Protestants, on the other side

predominantly-Catholic Republic. They fear he could incite a Protestant backlash and vengeance killings of Catholics in reprisal for IRA murders. Opponents of Mr. Paisley

charge that the 55-year-old dergyman, who started his own free Presbyterian church in 1951, was exploiting the present crisis to assert himself as undisputed leader of the Protestants. Mr. Paisley founded his own party called the Democratic

Unionist Party to challenge the hold of the larger and more modcrate official Unionist Party headed by James Molyneaux. Lately he has been vilifying

British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher and was suspended from parliament when he shouted from the gallery that she was "liar and a traitor."

Mr. Paisley wants an end to direct rule from London - established in 1972 - and power restored to a provincial government where Protestants would have a majority. In 1974 he broke up a power

sharing experiment with Catholics ish intelligence had revived a plot when he organized a crippling

Ugandan guerrillas -- Idi Amin's legacy lives on

CAMP MWANGA, Uganda — Guerrillas fighting to topple Ugandan President Milton Obote seem to enjoy broad popular support and operate within (16 kilometres) of downtown Kampala, staging hitand-run raids, ambushes and sabotage attacks.

During an 11-day trek which covered about (160 kilometres) in night marches, guerrillas of the National Resistance Army (NRA) took an American journalist to five guerrilla camps such as this one on the fringes of the capital. The guerrilias insisted that neither their identifies nor the locations of

their campsites be disclosed. On a moonless night last week, several guerrillas roasted meat over a campfire under a low canopy of Banana fronds at Camp Mwang, named for a 19th-century king of the Baganda tribe who resisted British colonisation of Uganda.

The flickering light played on the men, some dressed in combat fatigues or police uniforms seized in raids, others in civilian clothes.

All kept their weapons closed by.
"Don't worry," a guerrilla commander reassured the visitor when a car was heard to pass nearby. "You will hear cars in the night, but only our friends can come into this area."

Within (16 kilometres) of the camp were four military barracks, housing several thousand government soldiers of Mr. Obote's Uganda National Liberation

But the sense of security projected by the 1,000 or so NRA insurgents seemed due to support from local villagers. People encountered on the marches between the guerrilla camps accused Mr. Obote's soldiers of murder, rape, looting and vandalism in their anti-guerrilla operations.

"The army came here," one farmer said in an interview. "They shot my brother. They took my daughter to their camp for two days. They looted all my prop-erties. I have nothing left to lose." Foreign reporters based in

Kampala have been told similar

stories by Ugandans when they visited areas where the army has mounted anti-guerrilla sweeps. The Obote government has repeatedly denied misconduct by the army. However, reports of army brutality appear to have

increased popular support for the

Fighting began just two months after the Uganda People's Congress Party won a hotly contested victory in December's elections and brought Mr. Obote to power for the second time. Idi Amin overthrew Mr. Obote in Jan. 1971 and forced him into exile in Tan-

The NRA guerrillas said they are organising villagers into "resistance committees" to help them gather food, supplies and information about army movements. Nearly 200 members of a dozen resistance committees were encountered at the five guerrilla camps and were emphatic in their support for the insurgents.

The National Resistance Army is the military wing of the National Resistance Movement, whose chairman is former president Yusufu Lule, currently living in exile abroad.

Mr. Lule served as Uganda's leader in 1979 following the ouster of Amin in April of that year by Ugandan rebels and troops from neighbouring Tanzania. He was appointed and then forced to resign by a military council.

The vice chairman and military leader is Yoweri Museveni, a seasoned guerrilla fighter who led exiles against Amin and who briefly served as defense minister after Amin's downfall. The NRA guerrillas appear to be largely from the Baganda tribe.

tribe from northern Uganda, and there is a long history of animosity between those tribes. At least two other guerrilla groups are fighting Mr. Obote.

the majority tribe in the Kampala

area Mr. Obote is from the Langi

ment is considered the biggest and best organised. Opposition politicians claim the

December election was rigged. This is a belief shared by many of the villagers around Kampala, where the vote was heavily in favour of the democratic party of Paul Semogerere, a Baganda.

For the insurgents, food appeared plentiful and morale and discipline seemed good. News of any approach by government troops was quickly relayed by the local people, and guerrillas said the army has not discovered any of their camps. What the villagers cannot pro-

vide is weapons. Only about twothirds of the guerrillas' 1.000-man force was armed -- with automatic rifles, machine guns, grenades and rocket launchers captured from the government troops. There was no evidence of fore-

ign assistance to the rebels, though their leaders said they would welcome aid from any quarter. "If we had rifles, the people would come today," remarked a guerrilla officer. "You would see them lining up. Now, we are turning

During the past three months, the guerrillas say they have destroyed several police stations, overrun two army camps and mounted numerous ambushes The guerrillas claim at least 200 government soldiers were killed or wounded in the actions. Western reporters have visited the scenes of some of these

tend to support the guerrilla The government has not. reported any losses of this scale, but occasionally reports "ban-

dits," "terrorists" or "thugs."

clashes, and eyewitness accounts

Without a source of arms, the guerrillas seem to pose no immediate threat to the Obote government. The guerrillas say they are in no hurry.

"People always think of a coup," a guerrilla political leader said. "They want to chop the head off this regime. We are moving more slowly. We will strangle it. But in the end, it will be just as

de l'inlite